# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHD JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 212


# FIRST EDITION.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

### Khokand Rebels Routed by Russians.

### The Rebellion in Bosnia Crushed.

### The Carlist General Dorregaray Fleeing Before the Royalists.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

**The Foot and Mouth Disease.**

LONDON, September 7.—Fifteen thousand animals are affected by the foot and mouth disease in Dorsetshire.

**Praise to the American Rifle Team.**

LONDON, September 7.—The *Times*, in a leading article, commenting on the reception in New York of the American rifle team, on their return home, gives them high praise for their bearing and achievements during their European trip. It thinks the visit here and the consequent rivalries will be beneficial in many ways.

**The Hop Crop.**

LONDON, September 7.—The *Brewers' Guardian* (newspaper) says the prospect in England continues fair for a full average yield of hops of good quality. On the continent, rain is needed, and unless it comes soon, the crop will be decreased and the quality deteriorated. In France and Germany the hop fields are somewhat troubled with mould and vermin. In Belgium the yield will be largely over an average.

#### RUSSIA.

**A Battle with Khokand Rebels.**

ST. PETERSBURG, September 7.—A telegram has been received from General Kaufman, commanding the Russian expedition against the Khokand rebels, announcing that a battle was fought on the 4th instant, when the Russians completely defeated a force of rebels numbering thirty thousand, who occupied a fortified position, which General Golovathoff stormed. The enemy was pursued fifteen versts, and many of them were killed and drowned in the Amnaria river. Several guns and a quantity of other war material were captured. The losses of the Russians were inconsiderable. General Kaufman will continue his advance against the rebels when his means of transportation arrive from Kadshent.

#### SPAIN.

**The Flight of Dorregaray.**

MADRID, September 7.—The Carlist General Dorregaray, pursued by royal forces, passed through Roncala with 1,500 men. He had lost his war materials. Subsequently he reached Burguete.

**Biscayans Want Peace.**

The Biscayans are renewing their manifestations in behalf of peace, and refusing to pay the taxes levied by the Carlists. Rumors of negotiations for peace gain credence.

**Carlist Mutiny.**

It is said that there has been a mutiny among the Carlists in Talosa, and many were killed and wounded.

#### FRANCE.

**The German Pilgrimage to Loundes.**

BRUSSELS, September 7.—About sixty German pilgrims to the shrine of Loundes arrived at Mons last night. The pilgrimmaster, with a large police force, was at the railway station to-day. When the pilgrims started from Mons for Loundes a great crowd was present, but no demonstration.

#### TURKEY.

**The Rebellion Crushed in Bosnia.**

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 7.—Order has again been completely established in Bosnia, and almost restored in Herzegovina.

## NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 7, 1875.

**Mixed Schools.**

In the case of a colored man in Brooklyn, who applied for a mandamus to compel the Board of Education to admit his son to the school set apart for white children, Judge Gilbert, while reserving his decision, said that the system of common school education was established for the public, and all persons had access to it. The Board of Education has no power to exclude.

**Ralston—The California Defaulter.**

The *Herald's* San Francisco special states that the meeting of the friends of Mr. Ralston, set for Wednesday evening, is developing a formaidible organization. Arraagements are being made for an address in Union Hall and on the street in front, to 10,000 people. The gathering will exceed in magnitude and interest anything ever known in San Francisco. There will be given a full statement of the affairs of Ralston and his relations to the bank at the moment of his failure. Colonel Wm. H. Barnes, an eminent lawyer, now of the bank syndicate, who was a personal friend of Mr. Ralston, will make that address. Important resolutions will be submitted to the meeting; first, expression of condolence with the bereaved widow and children, and following that a resolution asking the pledge of the people assembled to withdraw all patronage from the *Bulletin* and *Call*, not to subscribe for them and not to advertise in them. After the resolution has been submitted and action taken on them, an committee of Congress will deliver a eulogy on the life and services to California and the Pacific coast of the deceased banker. An eminent clergyman will open with prayer, and the proceedings will be conducted solemnly, in order that the country may know that it is not a gathering of an excited rabble, but an expression of the calm and deliberate judgment of the friends of Mr. Ralston.

The Rev. Dr. Stone, in his sermon Sunday night, spoke so highly of Mr. Ralston that the congregation burst out with applause. The papers from every quarter are teeming with editorials and correspondence in his praise, and already a dime subscription for a monument to his memory is proposed.

## THE CALIFORNIA BANKS.

### The National Gold Bank and Trust Company Gradually Resuming Business—The Bank of California Preparing for Settlements.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 7.—There is nothing new concerning the affairs of the Bank of California. The arrangements are proceeding quietly and prosperously toward settlements.

The President of the National Gold Bank and Trust Company stated this morning that arrangements have been made for the redemption of all their gold notes to the amount of $800,000 at the United States Treasury. The bank is gradually working towards resumption. It has already liquidated over one-half its deposits, is collecting, paying out and settling with customers as rapidly as possible. It is in constant receipt of remittances from country correspondents, and pays drafts and receiving deposits from city customers, and paying checks against the same, intending thus gradually to resume and avail their business. The President states that they are supported in this plan of action by their creditors almost without exception, as being better for the general interest than to hoard coin for formal resumption.

## ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND.

### The Approaching Reunion at Utica—Extensive Preparations for the Entertainment of the Veterans.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Very extensive preparations are being made by the citizens of Utica for the approaching annual gathering of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland. The arrangements include a public reception of the Society by the city, on the 15th, at which the military and citizens of the city will parade, and an oration by Colonel Waterman, of Chicago, on the evening of the same day. On the evening of the 16th a grand levee and ball will be given to the Society by the citizens. Governor Tilden will deliver the speech of welcome to the State. President Grant is to be the guest of Senator Conkling, while Chief Justice Waite will be entertained by Judge Hand. Positive assurances have been received that General Sherman, General Hooker, General Custer, Secretary Bristow and other notabilities will be present, as well as many members of the Society from the West. It is also expected that many officers and ex-officers of the army and navy will attend.

### The Minnesota Wheat Crop Injured by Rain.

ST. PAUL, September 7.—After two days of very bright drying and promising weather, there was another heavy rain storm this morning, with more in prospect, which threatens to undo nearly all that has been done by farmers in securing their wet wheat. A large number of correspondents from the interior estimate the damage already done to the wheat crop of the State at from ten to twenty-five per cent. In some sections no damage at all is reported. In others it is claimed that all wheat in stack or shock is nearly or quite ruined. Probably ten or fifteen per cent. will cover all losses so far, but the crop will all grade No. 2 and below.

## CAMP HARTRANFT.

### The Second Day of the Encampment.

### How the Boys Improve the Shining Hours—The Influx of Visitors—A Testimonial from the Ladies — The Preparations for the Grand Review.

**Special to Pittsburgh Gazette.**

LATROPE, September 7, 1875.

The second day of the encampment showed no abatement of enthusiasm or interest. The number of visitors to-day was largely increased. The weather is so favorable that the people find a visit to the camp an enjoyable experience. The programme to-day embraced regimental and division drills, which formed the principal features of the day. We had, however, sandwiched in between the sterner business of military life, base ball, a presentation scene, speechmaking, music by the brass band, &c. The presentation was the gift of a very handsome flag for the division headquarters. It was a testimonial of affection, from the ladies of Latrobe, and was received by the boys with every evidence of tender emotion. Dr. Donnelly made the presentation speech, which was replete with patriotism. Major Core, of General Gallagher's staff, felicitously responded. The tide of oratory having thus set in, Col. Chil. W. Hazzard was called out, and, in a happy speech, tendered thanks to the good people of Latrobe for the cordial reception given to the troops. This episode, although not specifically down on the bills, was greatly enjoyed by the soldiers, as well as their friends.

Among the arrivals to-day are Governor Hartranft, Adjutant General Latta, and Generals Pearson, White and Brown, with their staffs. They came to witness the grand review which takes place to-morrow. The review will be an imposing demonstration. Nearly all the boys will appear in new uniforms, and the division will make a splendid appearance.

To-night the chief source of entertainment consists of serenades from the string bands. The melodious sounds fill the Camp and make the welkin ring, but there will be a sudden wind up at "taps," for military discipline is strictly enforced.

The review to-morrow will attract thousands of people, and the hospitality of the townspeople will be taxed to its uttermost. The hotels are all full to-night. H.

## INDIAN OUTBREAK.

### Savages on the War Path in Nevada and Utah.

### A Number of Settlers and Miners Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 7.—An extensive outbreak is reported in Eastern Nevada and Western Utah. A number of settlers and miners were killed. Women and children are being removed to places of safety. Troops and volunteers are going to the scene. The military commander in this city has been asked for arms and ammunition. Orders have been issued for infantry, cavalry and artillery to proceed from this city and Benicia to Eastern Nevada. The rising is attributed to Mormon influence.

SALT LAKE, September 7.—A petition has been sent to the Governor for arms and troops at Deep Creek, Utah, as the settlers there are apprehensive of Indian hostilities. Some troops leave Camp Douglass to-night for Toana Station, the nearest point on the Central Pacific Railroad.

## SEASONABLE SPORTS.

### The Races at Lexington, Ky.

LEXINGTON, KY., September.—The following are the races over the Association course to-day: First race, purse $350, $300 to the first and $50 to the second horse, mile heats. First heat: B. G. Thomas' ch. f. Hazen, 2, 1. 1; second heat: J. H. Webster's Gilman & Bros' br. c. Glenobie, 1, 2, 2; third heat: Robinson, Morgan & Co.'s ch. c. Millionaire, 3, 3; fourth heat; J. A. Grinstead's g. g. Lightcoin, 3, distanced; fifth heat: J. H. Miller's Williams and Owing's b. c. Fairplay, 5, distanced. Time 1:43¾, 1:45 and 1:47¾.

Second race, the Colt stakes for two year olds, $25 each, p. p., $350 added, the second colt to receive $50 out of the stakes; ¾ of a mile. T. J. Nichols' ch. g. Vagrant, by Virgil, 1; J. B. Randall & Co.'s b. c. The Nipper, 2; Williams & Owing's b. c. Melnotte, 3. The following were not placed: A. Keene Richards' b. c. Grit, A. Keene Richards' ch. c. Bazar, T. J. McGibben's ch. g. Goldsburg. D. Swiggert's b. c. Berlin, D. Swiggert's b. c. Bombay, and D. Swiggert's b. c. Madrid, by Lexington. Time 1:18.

**Prospect Park Races.**

NEW YORK, September 7.—This was the first day of the running meeting at Prospect Park fair grounds. The hurdle race, two miles, over eight hurdles, was won by Cosgrove, Mountain Diamond, Caribou third.

The second race, three-quarters of a mile, for two year olds, was won by Freebooter, Mollie Carew second, Woodland third. Time 1:19.

The third race, mile heats, for all ages, was won by Countess, Carver second, Windham third. Time 1:46 and 1:46.

## THE INDIAN COMMISSION.

### Their Arrival at the Red Cloud Agency—Indians Coming In Slowly.

RED CLOUD AGENCY, via Ft. Laramie, Wy., September 7.—The Indian Commission arrived here yesterday. Senator Howe started back to-day, going to Washington in consequence of a telegram from President Grant. The Indians are coming in slowly. It is said some northern tribes have refused to come to attend the council. Yesterday the Indians burned twenty tons of hay west of the agency belonging to a white man named Bell Roy. Miss Grace Howe, a niece of the Senator, stopped at Laramie, having come with the commission that far.

## THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 7, 1875.

**Local Observations.**

| Time. | Bar. | Ther. | Humidt. | Wind. | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 A. M. | 30.113 | 53 | 93 | N.W. | Fair. |
| 2 P. M. | 30.036 | 77 | 35 | N.W. | Clear. |
| 9 P. M. | 30.060 | 65 | 68 | N. | Fair. |

Mean Barometer, 30.067.
Mean Thermometer, 65.
Lowest Thermometer, 50.
Highest Thermometer, 79.

L. A. WELSH,
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 8, 1875—1 A. M.

**Probabilities for To-day.**

For New England, the Middle States and the lower lake region, slowly falling barometer, northeast to northwest winds, shifting to southerly and westerly in the lower lake region and western part of the Middle States, clear or partly cloudy and slightly warmer weather.

## Indiana Soldiers' Reunion.

### Twenty Thousand People in Attendance—Speeches by Distinguished Visitors.

TERRE HAUTE, September 7.—Twenty thousand is the lowest estimate of the number at the Rockville Soldiers' Reunion today. It is the largest assemblage that ever came together in Western Indiana. The wagons and horses covered forty acres, packed close. Speeches were made by Gen. Sherman, Senator Morton, R. W. Thompson, and Henry S. Lane. This is the second and last day of the reunion. General Sherman returns to St. Louis to-night.

**The California Election.**

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 7.—Full city returns give the following results: The Independents have elected the Assessor, District Attorney, City and County Attorney, Chief of Police, Coroner, Public Administrator, Superintendent of Schools, and the following Supervisors: A. D. Bucker, Thos. Bryan, J. H. Wise and A. Block. Otherwise the Democrats have made a clean sweep, electing Bryant Mayor and Supervisors C. B. Edwards, J. P. Shine, F. W. Eaton, Geo. W. Hayes, Thos. Boyce, J. C. Roberts, F. A. Gibbs, and D. A. McDonald, with the entire State Congressional and Legislative ticket.

**The Ohio State Fair.**

COLUMBUS, September 7.—The entries for the State Fair in all departments foot up 4,481, against 3,660 last year. Of this number 607 entries are horses, and 739 sheep, swine and poultry. The number of visitors to-day was larger than yesterday. The city is full of thieves, drawn here by the Fair. A half dozen burglaries a night is about the average.

# SECOND EDITION

## ERIE.

### The Gathering of the Democratic Clans.

### The Bitterness of the Fight—Wallace and Randall Hard at Work—The Gubernatorial Outlook—The Financial Puzzle—A Lively Time in the Unterrified Camp.

**Special to Pittsburgh Gazette.**

ERIE, September 7, 1875.

This little lakeside town is overrun with Democratic politicians to-night. The visitors represent every class of political thimble-riggers, from the manager of the ticket stand at the ward polls up to the high manipulators of the party in general. The hotels are full of them to overflowing, and yet hundreds have been compelled to seek accommodations elsewhere. Anybody could easily see that there was a big fight on hand, from the large turnout of the henchmen. There is more excitement and more noise—making than has been the case in Democratic ranks for years.

**The Allegheny Delegation.**

There is a full representation of Allegheny county in the field. The Pittsburgh crowd is headed by Col. Barr, and the Allegheny City delegates by Dr. Langfit, Hopkins, Dan. Barr, Stewart, Donnelly, and a host of the leading lights from the county are on hand and ready for the fray. The Allegheny delegation is somewhat divided. Barr's friends claim that he will have their unanimous support when it comes to voting.

All

**"The Old Stagers"**

from various points of the State have now arrived and the wire working has been brisk all day; especially is it lively around the hotels to-night. Wallace, Randall, Clymer, Bigler, Playford, Galbraith, Fox, Vaux, Dill, Pershing and all the leading worthies—a list too numerous to mention all,—are on hand, and using every influence to have the job set up before to-morrow. The great fight is between

**Wallace and Randall,**

with the chances apparently in favor of the former. There has been open hostility between these two mighty champions for some time, and now it seems to have narrowed down to an open field and a fair fight. Both of the men are putting forth herculean exertions, and each talks confidently of victory. Wallace's man for Governor is Judge Ross—whom he pressed so strongly for the Supreme Judgeship. He is making a hard fight for him, but it is said, will not attempt to put him through, when it comes to voting, unless he has a pretty sure thing of it, because Ross don't want to be sacrificed. He has a loving inclination toward the Supreme Bench, and don't want to be politically played out, as he would be if he was pressed for the Gubernatorial nomination and lost it.

Bigler is the strongest man in opposition to Ross—if he even don't lead him. Randall is pushing Bigler, and some of the wise ones, who profess not to be particularly concerned in the Wallace-Randall fight, say that the "old man" is sure to win. They argue that Ross can't make it, and that when Wallace sees this he will not press him, but go over to Bigler, who is personally not obnoxious. That may be taken, however, with a very large grain of allowance, as it is hardly probable that Wallace will show any signs of surrender. He can afford a square defeat better than that.

**Other Candidates.**

The Convention, however in voting will not be restricted to these two gentlemen. There are a score or more self sacrificing patriots who will allow the use of their names. Col. Barr, from Pittsburgh, will go into the Convention, with a very respectable backing, probably thirty or forty votes. R. M. Gibson, from Allegheny is also talked of a little in quarters, but unless matters change he will not show much of a following. Judge Pershing, of Schuylkill, is another in the list. Wm. Galbrath, of Erie, will enter for the race. Ex-Mayor Fox, of Philadelphia, is looking in that direction. A. H. Dill, of Union, Col. Knox, of Clarion; S. M. Clark, of Indiana; A. H. Coffroth, of Somerset, and a baker's dozen of others, are also mentioned. They will all get a few complimentary votes, and that will serve to delay the business of the Convention for a few hours longer, but the fight will narrow down at last to Soss and Bigler. That's the way it looks at present anyhow, but politics is a trade, in which it can never be told what a day may bring forth. Plans that are are set up to-night may be knocked into "pi" bright and early to-morrow, before the Convention opens its doors.

**The Meeting**

will be held in the Opera House, which has been handsomely decorated for the occasion. There is a very liberal display of evergreen, and the cosy little temple of the drama looks well. It will not hold half the number who will seek admission, however. The delegates themselves will number two hundred and fifty-one. The Opera House will accommodate, on a tight squeeze, about one thousand, so that a large number will be left out in the cold. The Convention will be called to order precisely at twelve o'clock, probably by Miller, the old Chairman of the State Central Committee. Playford, of Fayette, Dallas, of Philadelphia, and Galbraith, of Erie, are prominently talked of in connection with the permanent chairmanship. Wallace inclines toward Playford, it is said. However, as yet there has been no definite announcement made in respect to the presiding officer, and from the multiplicity of names it is hard to predicate who will swing the gavel.

**The Treasurer.**

After the Governorship fight the Convention will be called upon to decide upon a candidate for Treasurer. Allegheny county presents no name for this office. It was rumored that Dan. Barr was on the slate, but the Colonel emphatically contradicts this, and says Daniel wouldn't consent to be a candidate nohow. Philadelphia presents Pearsoll, Erie presents Noble, Venango presents Cochran; Mercer Packard; Clarion presents Abrams. There is so little interest in this direction, however, that no special combinations seem to have been attempted. It will greatly depend on the result of the Gubernatorial fight. The chances are that a man from the western or middle part of the State will secure this nomination.

**Financial.**

The great quandary is on the financial plank to be put into the platform. Vaux, Brinton and other old war horses want a hard money plank, and talk quite belligerently on the subject. The majority of the leaders, however, are for a greenback plank and they are backed up by the largest proportion of the delegates, who fear that anything else would tend to weaken their cause in Ohio.

The outlook now is that a clause, in substance the same as that in the Ohio platform, will be adopted, although it will meet with some bitter opposition from the eastern members. This currency question is hardly second in interest to the gubernatorial one. It may be possible to get the greenback clause toned down, so as to make it non-committal but the strongest feeling seems to be that "soft money" ought to be endorsed. The feeling on this question, as well as on the Gubernatorial one, is quite bitter to-night. The excitement runs high, and the auguries point to a very lively session to-morrow, in which there will be a considerable display of bad blood.

**The Pittsburghers.**

are generally quartered at the Ellsworth House, and for the most part have been able to secure comfortable accommodations. It is well they did for they will hardly be able to leave for home to-day. B.

[By Associated Press.]

ERIE, Pa., September 7.—So many conflicting interests will be represented in the Convention to-morrow that no satisfactory prediction can be made on the result. It seems to be generally admitted that it will be mainly a conflict for the party leadership between Randall and Wallace, and that the strength of individual candidates will depend on the support received from these two sources. Great activity and not a little bitterness is exhibited by several candidates and friends, and a lively session is looked forward to.

The Philadelphia delegates will hold a caucus to-morrow morning, but as the members are much divided among themselves, the result of the meeting cannot be foretold. Ross and Bigler are still the most prominent candidates for Governor, though Noyes exhibits considerable strength. It is stated that Noyes was tendered the Treasurership to withdraw his claims for Governor, but declined.

Reports agree that the platform will be about the same as the Ohio platform, excepting the currency plank. It is believed the currency resolution will be non-committal, though the inflationists, who are probably in the ascendency, will make a strong effort to control the Convention. The Erie *Dispatch* will publish to-morrow a letter from Geo. Biddle, a leading Philadelphia lawyer, to Sam J. Randall, urging the necessity of adopting a hard-money policy.

## THE MISSISSIPPI MASSACRE.

### How a Republican Meeting Was Broken Up.

### A Wild Scene of Confusion.

### Clinton Occupied by Southern "Chivalry."

### Terrible Slaughter of Colored People.

### The Civil Authorities Powerless to Stop the Marauders.

MEMPHIS, September 7.—The following report of the riot at Clinton, Miss., was received from Jackson to-night:

According to wide extended notice throughout Hinds county, a mass Republican meeting was assembled at Clinton last Saturday. Members of nearly every Republican club in the county were in attendance, with many women and children. A barbecue was announced, and arrangements made to feed three thousand people. Nearly that number were in attendance. Everything was taken to have an orderly and successful meeting. The Clinton authorities had appointed many special police, and made regulations forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors. At 1 P. M. the procession filed on the ground, and speaking began ten minutes thereafter. Democrats were on the ground and asked for a division of time. In the interest peace and good feeling their request was granted, and

**A Joint Discussion**

was fixed between Judge Johnson, the Democratic candidate for State Senator and Captain H. Fisher, Sen., of the Jackson *Daily Times*, Johnson to speak an hour, Fisher to follow in an hour and a quarter, and Johnson to close in a quarter of an hour. Johnson made a liberal and courteous speech, and Fisher took the stand and congratulated the audience on the auspicious opening of the campaign in the county, and expressed a hope that the same good feeling would characterize all their meetings. He complimented Judge Johnson on the conservative tone of his remarks, and said he would be glad to see such meetings generally held. The Republican party wanted peace and harmony to prevail, and he should say nothing that would not contribute to this end. Captain Fisher spoke in this strain about eight minutes, when he saw the outskirts of the crowd leaving to go to the scene of the difficulty, about fifty yards distant. The speaker paused, and urged the audience to remain, but excited words drew most of them away, and he stopped speaking to await their return.

**The Battle Commenced.**

In three minutes a pistol shot was fired in the crowd, and quickly another, and in a moment fifty shots seemed to be discharged. The wildest confusion ensued among men, women and children. Horses broke loose from their hitchings and joined in the stampede. In the course of fifteen minutes exceeding five hundred shots were fired. Three whites and four colored were wounded. A majority of the blacks were unarmed, having been cautioned against carrying weapons to meetings. The difficulty was wholly one-sided, and they fought only in self defense. By 2 P. M. not a colored man was seen on the grounds.

**Armed Whites**

came out from Clinton and took possession of the grounds. At the same time the Vicksburg train brought armed men from Edwards and Balfour. On Saturday night 500 armed white men occupied Clinton, and all was quiet. On Sunday morning, at daybreak, the Vicksburgers, two hundred of whom were there, commenced slaughtering negroes. All the colored men they could find were shot down. A dozen or more were

**Killed in Cold Blood.**

Armed bands organized and scoured the county, and the work of slaughter went on. It is estimated that fifty more were killed in this way in the county on Sunday. Those who were not killed had to flee to the woods and swamps for protection. Complete terror possesses the colored men. Over two days have been hourly arriving and reporting new outrages. The civil authorities are utterly powerless to stop the marauding bands. Governor Ames has issued an order commanding the rioters to disperse. The city is full of colored refugees, who dare not return to their homes. They ask nothing but protection. Governor Ames is doing all within his power to prevent further bloodshed. No Sheriff's posse is sufficient.

**Senator Caldwell's Statement.**

The following is a statement of State Senator Caldwell concerning the origin of the difficulty: Judge Johnston had spoken about an hour to an audience of over two thousand, all of whom listened attentively. The Judge said he had never addressed a crowd as large as the present one that had behaved so well and given him such attention, and he hoped that they would accord his opponent, Captain Fisher, the same courtesy. Captain Fisher then commenced speaking. In about five minutes some one called the speaker "A liar." Hendricks said to me, "There's going to be a row out there," meaning the outer edge of the crowd. I paused for a minute before going on. Hearing some very rough remarks, I proceeded to the spot indicated. When I got there I asked what was the matter. A policeman said "This man (Thompson) had drawn pistols on some of the colored men," who was marching in the procession, using certain opprobrious epithets. I remarked, "My young friend, for God's sake don't disturb the meeting." I soon saw a feeling so strong that I called upon some of the other white men to assist me in preserving the peace. No one responded. I saw Neil Wharton and Thompson (white) draw their pistols, and I stepped up to Neil, telling him that that would not do. I did the same with Thompson, and then put the weapons back to their pockets. In a few moments they had them out again. Then the shooting commenced. I saw Thompson fire the first shot, and he continued firing. By this time the firing had become general. The colored people soon concentrated at this point, and when the aggressors ceased firing and dispersed, then I supposed the trouble all over. Soon, however, I heard reports of guns at the east end of the speaker's stand, which continued, and seemed to be spreading in every direction. I saw two colored men wounded, one seriously and the other about dead. I saw several other colored men wounded more or less. I have since learned of the deaths of Chas. Chilton, Martin Severely, Frank Thompson, A. Wilson, Louis Hargon, a son of Samuel Anthony, and another boy, whose name is not known.

**An Illinois Law violated by Duelists.**

SPRINGFIELD, ILLS., September 7.—Governor Beveridge to-day sent the following telegram to J. Garvers State Attorney at Rockford, Ills.

"It is reported that parties from an adjoining State have wantonly violated the laws of the State of Illinois by fighting a duel in your county. I hope you will take prompt measures to vindicate the law.

(Signed) "JOHN L. BEVERIDGE,
"Governor."

**Marine News.**

LISBON, September 7.—The United States steamship Juniata has arrived.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Arrived—steamship Wieland, from Hamburg.

QUEENSTOWN, September 7.—The steamship Marathon, from Boston, has arrived.

FARTHER POINT, September 7.—The steamship Quebec, from Liverpool, has arrived.

**The Cemetery Trouble in Montreal.**

MONTREAL, September 7.—Last night the Protestant cemetery vault in which the remains of Guiteau lie was guarded by eighteen men, armed with navy revolvers and Enfield rifles, under command of a Sergeant of police. No date is given for the funeral. A general feeling of insecurity still prevails among the residents in the suburbs.

**North Carolina Constitutional Convention.**

RALEIGH, N. C., September 7.—Dr. Edward Ransford, the Democratic nominee for President of the Constitutional Convention, was elected to-day on the fourteenth ballot, thus securing a Democratic organization of that body.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

### The Riot in Mississippi.

### The Difficulties Between Welsh and the Interior Department.

WASHINGTON, September 7, 1875.

**The Mississippi Riot.**

Telegrams have been received by the Attorney General from the United States District Attorney and United States Marshal at Jackson, Miss., with reference to the recent disturbance there between white and colored citizens. The information is substantially to the effect that at a political meeting held at Clinton, Miss., on Saturday last, a row originated, during which three whites and four colored persons were killed and many wounded. The officers sending the telegrams were of the opinion that the State authorities were powerless to prevent a continuation of the disorders. The Attorney General has telegraphed to the District Attorney and United States Marshal at Jackson to do all in their power to preserve order, but as there has been no call from the United States authorities for assistance, no further directions have been given. Should application be made from officers of the General Government stationed in the disturbed places for aid in supporting their official authority, it is probable that the Attorney General would ask for the assistance of military, but up to this time there have been no such demands or suggestions.

**The War Between Welsh and the Interior Department.**

Assistant Secretary Cowan furnishes the following statement: Bishop Hare stated in conversation last evening that Mr. Welsh was alone responsible for the statements in his letters that none of the other member of the Executive Committee of the Episcopal Church sympathized with him in his assaults on the department; that Dr. Dyar, chairman, and Rogers, secretary of the committee, would cheerfully testify that they have now, as they have always had, entire confidence in the integrity and good faith of the Secretary and Commission, and that they have never been dictated to, interfered with or embarrassed in any improper manner in their management of Indian affairs. The Bishop expresses his own entire sympathy with the Secretary, and his confidence in the integrity of his administration.

**The Cincinnati Exposition.**

CINCINNATI, September 7.—The sixth Industrial Exposition opens to-morrow. The city to-night is extensively decorated with flags, mottoes and evergreens. The Chamber of Commerce adjourned over until Thursday, and business will to a great extent be suspended to-morrow to witness the grand parade, which is expected to surpass anything of the kind ever witnessed in the West.

## THE LATEST NEWS.

—Jeff. Davis has arrived at Desota, Mo., and will deliver an address at the Fair grounds there to-day.

—Maggie Large, who was burned by the explosion of kerosene oil in Omaha, Neb., died last Monday night.

—Prof. Adams, of the Polytechnic Institute of Troy, N. Y., was married to Miss Clara Kellom in Omaha on Tuesday.

—W. D. Cole, General Freight Agent of the B. & M. Railroad in Nebraska, died at Omaha on Tuesday morning of heart disease.

—Burt county, Neb., has voted to extend the time on bonds of the Omaha & Northwestern Railroad. It will be extended to Tekama this year.

—The Chicago & Northwestern and Chicago & Rock Island railroads are in running order again. The breaks have been fully repaired, and trains are running on time.

—The Detroit Conference of the M. E. Church, in session at Flint, Michigan, has elected Arthur Edwards, J. Small, L. R. Fisk and Dr. Linds delegates to the Methodist General Conference that meets in St. Louis on May 1st, 1876.

—John Williams shot and killed David and Thomas Vroman, at Lowell, Nebraska, on Tuesday morning. The trouble originated about some land, over which they have been at law all Summer. Williams gave himself up to the authorities.

## METHODIST CONFERENCE.

### Ministerial Education—A Faculty of Instruction Chosen—The Work to be Systematized—The Missionary Work—The Closing Hours of the Conference—The Ministerial Appointments for the Ensuing Year.

*Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.*

CASTLE SHANNON, September 6, 1875.

After usual opening by J. Holland, President Hull read his report of official acts during the past year. Adopted.

The Committee on Obituaries, J. H. Hull chairman, reported the death of one minister during the past year, David Colclough. He was a faithful Christian minister, and died in good hope of eternal life. After several remarks had been made by brethren in reference to the life and death of the departed, the report was adopted by a rising vote.

The Committee on Missions, G. G. Westfall, reported, recommended earnest persevering effort to advance our missionary work—expressing sympathy with the General Board of Missions, advising systematic operations—to create a board as per new discipline—to divide the district into six sub-districts for the purpose of holding missionary meetings,—with a president for each sub-district—and that we will introduce the *Methodist Missionary*, published by T. H. Colhoner, throughout our work.

J. H. Hull, Brindley and Gregory were made a committee to divide the Conference district into Missionary districts, and nominate chairmen for those districts.

S. F. Crowther, chairman of the Committee on Sabbath Schools, reported an increased interest in that department of the church's work. Nearly seven thousand young people are being taught in our Sabbath schools. The churches are being more and more awakened on the great subject.

In order the better to aid young men, who are candidates for the ministry, the Conference elected a faculty of instructon thus constituting a conference college among whom was divided the instructing and examining the candidates for the ministry who are to meet the faculty, annually at the place of holding the conference, the day before the meeting of conference, and occupy the day in instructing and examining them, giving such certificates as they deserve. The following is the faculty elected for next session: 1—Bible Doctrines, S. F. Crowther. 2—Pastoral office, G. G. Westfall. 3—Theology, first year, W. Collier. 4—Theology, second year, Jno. Scott. 5—Const. Dicipline and History of the Methodist Church, T. B. Colhoner. 9—Mental and Moral Science, D. Jones. 7—Grammar, Logic and Rhetoric, C. A. Sipe. 8—Natural Theology, P. T. Laisaly. 9—Geography, ancient and modern, Mathers. 10—History Sacred and Modern, Jno. Cowl.

A brief history of Castle Shannon Camp meeting Association was read, asking the recognition of the Conference and its cooperation in future efforts. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Camp Meeting Association, Castle Shannon Railroad Company, cottagers and city churches for the kind entertainment of the Conference. Committee on sub-districting the Conference district reported, making six districts, as follows: 1. Pittsburgh district, J. J. Murray, chairman. 2 Cherry Tree district, S. F. Crowther, chairman. 3. Manchester district, J. B. Lucas, chairman. 4. Monongahela district, P. T. Conway, chairman. 5. Connellsville district, J. Gregory, chairman. 6. Webster district, J. Holland, chairman.

The board of managers are as follows: S. F. Crowther, D. Jones, E. A. Brindley, W. Wallace, minister, and Aaron Bishop, layman, were elected Board of Managers, and G. G. Westfall, Correspondent Secretary; President, S. F. Crowther; Secretary, E. A. Brindley; Treasurer, William Wallace.

The Board recommends—First, That a meeting of all the ministers of each Missionary district shall be held during the first quarter of each year, the time and place to be named by the chairman of each district.

Second—A missionary meeting shall be held in each church, in each Missionary district, arrangement for which shall be made by the general meeting held in the first quarter of the year, by the chairman and minister of his district.

Third.—Subscriptions shall be taken either publicly or privately by agents, and the receipts paid over to the Treasurer.

TUESDAY MORNING, Sept. 7, 1875.

Conference opened at 8 o'clock. Bible lesson, song and prayer by Rev. Mr. Jones.

Rev. D. Kinney, of Nebraska, addressed the Conference, expressing his pleasure at having been permitted to attend the Conference. He will carry home pleasant recollections, and be happy to have the privilege to reciprocate the kindness extended to him.

On motion Conference ordered the election of six ministers to co-operate with the Board of Managers of the Camp Meeting Association in future camp meetings.

The Committee on Statistics J. H. Davis, Chairman, reported, among other items a gain of nearly one thousand members during the past year.

T. H. Colhouer, G. G. Westfall, John H. Hull, J. Scott and W. Collier were elected the committee of six to co-operate with the Camp Meeting Board.

*Resolved*, That each pastor shall take a collection during the first quarter of the year, in order to defray the expenses of President, Agents and Messengers of Conference in the discharge of official duties.

The Treasurer of Home Church Extension, J. L. Simpson, reported, showing some deficiency in the finances. He was authorized to borrow a sufficient amount to pay off all claimants. Adopted.

A resolution was of thanks was offered to T. H. Colhouer for services rendered the Conference during the eight years past. Adopted.

Adjourned at 12 M. Prayer by C. P. Jordan.

**Afternoon Session**

opened at 1 P. M. by Jno. Hodgekinson by reading and prayer.

G. G. Westfield was released from Corresponding Secretary of the Annual Conference Board of Missions, and W. R. Cowl elected to serve in his stead.

Conference Steward W. Wallace reported the disbursement of all the monies put into his hands, giving the items. Adopted.

The session was harmonious, earnest, and thorough in its work, and the members will resume their work with fixed determination to prosecute vigorously the work the Master has assigned them.

To-morrow (Wednesday) evening, M. B. Taylor will be ordained to the office of elder in the First Methodist Church, Pittsburgh, at about eight o'clock.

**Conference Appointments.**

The following appointments of ministers to the stations designated were made for the ensuing year:

President of District—T. H. Colhour.
Pittsburgh, First Church—J. J. Murray.
Pittsburgh, Second Church—John Cowl.
Pittsburgh, Third Church—Wm. Wallace.
Pittsburgh, South Side Church—G. G. Westfall.
Allegheny, First Church—John Scott.
Allegheny, Second Church—H. Sevitzer.
Sharpsburg, Grace Church—W. R. Cowl.
Bellevue, First Church—A. D. Brown.
New Brighton, First Church—D. Jones.
Beaver Falls, First Church—G. B. Dotson.
Cincinnati, O., Grace Church—M. B. Taylor.
Liverpool, O., First Church—E. A. Bindley.
Youngstown, O.—E. Mathers.
Cherry Tree—S. F. Crowther.
Susquehanna—
Brookville—J. J. Wagoner.
Phillipsburg—J. H. Kahle.
Trumbull—C. K. Stillwagon.
Monongahela—P. T. Conway.
Fairmount—John Gregory.
Connellsville, Ct.—J. B. McCormick.
Brownsville—T. H. Colhour.
Uniontown and Smithfield—H. Lucas.
Stahlstown—J. B. Bartholomew.
Bakerstown—E. Mathers.
Cassville—D. H. Meyers.
Lewis—Wm. West.
Pleasant Hill—To be supplied.
Harrisville—D. H. Davis.
Independence—C. C. Conway.
Bethel—M. Lee.
Palatine—G. G. Conway.
Wellsburg—A. T. Wolf.
Waynesburg—J. A. Gebrett.
Webster—J. Holland.
Morgantown—To be supplied.
Holidaysburg—J. M. Mason.
Hittsi—R. Palmer.
City Missionary—W. H. Phipps.
J. Robinson, Publishing Agent.
A. Clark, editor *Methodist Recorder*.
Superannuates—W. Collier, J. W. Rutledge, R. H. Sutton, H. Lucas, P. T. Laisbley, D. R. Helmick.
Z. Ragan, Chaplain U. S. A.

Left without work at their own request—C. P. Jordon, J. P. Stone, James Herbert, W. McCracken.

In hand of President—J. L. Simpson, J. T. Elliott.

Conference adjourned at 2:30 P. M., to meet at Bellevue, Allegheny county, Pa., on the first Wednesday in September, 1876.

C.

## THE BALL AND BAT.

**Notes of Coming Contests.**

L. S. Dickey, umpire in the game on Monday, at Torren's Station, between the East End and Iron City clubs, yesterday rendered his

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WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1875.


## Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. McCLEARY.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN McCLELLAND.
AUGUSTUS BECKERT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 26½

Bonds at Frankfort, new 5s, 100½.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 115.

THE present outlook is that the Democrats at Erie will adopt the Ohio financial solution,—to the intense disgust of the Western members of the party.

THE fight between Wallace and Randall of Erie, seems not at all likely to improve the chances of that glorious party in this state. The struggle, thus far, has proceeded on the idea that Randall is to be whipped into the traces, which means he must forego the Speakership—but he demurs.

THE *Post* affects as much delight over the California election as if there was any occasion for it. The Democratic vote is not increased over previous years, and the election is only by a plurality,—not by absolute majority over all the other candidates. So there is nothing of significance in the popular vote.

GENERAL KAUFFMAN has achieved a brilliant victory, if his telegrams are reliable, over the Khokand rebels. He routed a force of 30,000 of them, driving them a long distance, and capturing a large quantity of war material. This victory fully establishes Russia's power among the fanatical Asiatics of the desert.

THE nomination of Geghan for another term in the Legislature, by the Democracy of Ohio, was so palpably in the interest of the Catholics, that even Protestant Democrats could not overlook it. The Cincinnati *Enquirer*, faithful until now, bolts this nomination, and calls on all good Democrats to "scratch" him. And yet the party that thus clings to a church which demands the breaking up of our public school system, assumes to ask the votes of the American people.

THE meeting of the friends of Ralston, the deceased banker of San Francisco, set for this evening, promises to be an extraordinary event. An immense audience of those friendly to him, is expected, and it is intimated that a resolution will be offered, proposing the withdrawal of patronage from the *Bulletin* and *Call*, the papers which contributed to Ralston's downfall. This bit of vengefulness will derogate from the dignity of the meeting, and create a natural and proper sympathy for the papers.

THE Convention for the nomination of County Treasurer yesterday selected James S. Murray, of Upper St. Clair township. Mr. Murray has filled the position of County Commissioner, and, coming from the country portion of the county, will stand as an additional representative of that District on the ticket. The resolution adopted is identical with the views advocated by the GAZETTE on the monetary question. It favors the repeal of that part of the law passed last year which proposes resumption in 1879; and urges this repeal on the next Congress, thus leaving the currency question, as well as that of resumption, to be settled by the people, and the growth of business. It is a sensible and right resolution, the adoption of which will work good.

A TELEGRAM from Washington reveals a scheme of such stupendous magnitude, that we hesitate to accept it as correct, unless further information shall attest its correctness. It is that a deliberate organization of a Jesuit College is being made, with a view to concerted effort toward the destruction of our public school system. The Central College will be located at Washington, and others in the several States. Cardinal McCloskey is to secure the assent of the Pope to the undertaking, after which it is to be put in force. What gives credibility to the report, is the known activity of the higher orders of Catholic priesthood, in opposition to our public school system. Should it assume the organized form here indicated, we shall have a stout battle over the question. It is amazingly impudent for any religious organization to assail one of the fundamental institutions of the State.

THE Philadelphia *North American*, referring to the proposition to build a pipe line to Chester, for the transportation of refined oil, says: "As this line would have to cross the mountains it would be necessary to pump the oil up to the summit by stationary engines. But from that point the descending force would be sufficient to Harrisburg. Between the Susquehanna and the Delaware the difference in grade, we infer, would be overcome in like manner. The oil would thus arrive in bulk at Chester, and there have to be barreled for shipment. In such a case a large oil business would be lost to the railroad, and the facilities for export at this port, as well as Baltimore and Jersey City, be measurably superseded." It considers the engineering difficulties considerable, but such as may be overcome. The belief here is, that a way may be discovered among the passes of the mountains that will not require heavy lifts.

A BOTTLE of whisky, and deep-seated hatred toward the negro, are what caused the massacre at Clinton, Mississippi, a few days ago. It had all the old features of such massacres in that region,—many blacks and few whites killed,—with one new element of horror. The frenzied negroes, driven to desperation, beat and mutilated the dead bodies of two of the whites. With this difference, it was the old story, —cool, deliberate, purposeful murder on the part of the whites. At least twenty, and probably one hundred, negroes have been killed, and but four whites. This fact tells the entire story. It shows that the aggression was on the part of the whites. A white came to the meeting, violated its rules by bringing liquor there, and when remonstrated with, emptied his revolver among those who sought to control him. Then a fight ensued, and the results are known. Must murder be forever characteristic of the Democracy of Vicksburg?

### INDUSTRIAL ART EDUCATION.

With the beginning of another school year, subjects pertaining to education, in some of its phases, are pertinent and proper. We have frequently treated of the current system of common school education, both as to its advantages and defects, but have given less attention to a higher phase of the subject—that of Industrial Art Education in this country. We have been gradually advancing in our system of common school education, till, in completeness and even elegance of buildings, and in thoroughness of training, we equal the best schools for the masses in any part of the world. We fully think that in range of studies and general thoroughness of training, our common schools exceed those of Europe. It is when we notice the higher branches, and consider the Universities, that we are excelled in Europe. As has been well said, "it is no discredit that our highest institutions of learning do not rival those extensive Universities of the old world, such as the University in Vienna, with its two hundred instructors and four thousand students, and nearly four hundred distinct courses of lectures, covering the entire realm of science, letters, philosophy and religion; or those magnificent polytechnic schools which are found in most of the continental countries, such as that at Carlsruhe, Baden, with its more than fifty instructors and five hundred students, and its well-organized schools of mathematics, engineering, machine building, architecture, chemistry, forestry and agriculture. These are the outgrowth of an older civilization, and are not looked for in new or comparatively new countries." Yet it is just here that we need the advantages of education, and are beginning to realize it. We have rich soil, prolific and valuables mines, and great manufacturing opportunities and resources. With education these can be utilized and made richly available.

It is exceedingly unfortunate that in communities where the advantage of science as applied to arts, is so great, we have but a feeble and poorly developed public sentiment on the subject. Pittsburgh should have devoted some of the wealth which flowed in upon her during and after the war in establishing a school where such sciences as bear on metallurgy would be thoroughly taught,—yet what have we? The only University in our midst struggles along, meanly and insufficiently endowed. Consider the magnificent schools of mines in France, Saxony, Austria, Sweden, Russia, and other European countries, with courses of instruction occupying from three to four years—and even eight year in the Imperial School of Mines in St. Petersburg! In the United States, where the earth teems with mineral wealth, schools of this class are of recent origin and generally connected with other institutions. The United States Commissioner of Education, General John Eaton, has estimated that not less than fifteen million dollars worth of horses are annually lost in this country for the want of skillful medical treatment. And yet, until recently there have been no opportunities in the United States for public instruction in veterinary science; or they have been very limited. We are in our very infancy as regards Agricultural Colleges, and what we have were not, all of them, as carefully developed as they should have been. The same may be said of institutions which make a specialty of industrial education. One of the most completely developed, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in Boston, is scarcely a dozen years old; but its facilities for instruction in the industrial sciences and arts are already extensive, and will doubtless be greatly augmented in the near future. In the same field, doing good work, are those valuable young technical schools, the Stevens Institute of Technology, in Hoboken, New Jersey; the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, in Troy, New York; the Sheffield Scientific School, New Haven, Connecticut; the Polytechnic College of Pennsylvania, in Philadelphia; and Lafayette College, at Easton, Pennsylvania. While in the department of mining, a good beginning has been made by the schools of mines of Harvard University and Yale and Columbia Colleges.

In preparing for this higher form of education, it is admitted that a beginning should be made in our ward and High Schools. Drawing, it is claimed, should be made an obligatory exercise, from the primary to the High School, and night and special schools for drawing should be established. All these we have in this city. Museums, art galleries, and lectures are affairs of the future, yet we indulge the hope that we are on the way toward them. Pittsburgh can never, as a manufacturing centre, reach an artistic level, such as has been attained by several localities in Europe, without the development of the artistic tastes and abilities of its people. There is an incitement to effort in this direction, when we remember that art in itself, and the reputation it brings, has elements of money value. Walter Smith has said that "a manufactured article, whether a garment, a piece of porcelain, an article of furniture, or even a golden chalice, may be said to possess three elements of value. First, the raw material; second, the labor of production; third, the art character. The first two in some few cases are a large proportion of the value of the whole; and, where no art whatever is displayed, it forms the whole value. But in a vast majority of the manufacturing products of every country, the elements of cost of material and cost of labor are insignificant in comparison with the third element, viz.: art character. It is that which makes the object attractive and pleasing, or repulsive or uninteresting, to the purchaser, and is consequently of commercial value. In many objects where the material is of little or no intrinsic worth, the taste displayed in their design forms the sole value, or the principal, and it has been the general elevation of that element which has nearly doubled the commercial values of English manufactures."

The Exposition in 1861 started Art Schools in England,—the fact being developed there that unless the artistic taste and skill of her artisans were improved, she would be distanced in the competition against her manufactures. And so rapidly was Art Education extended on the Continent, that the little kingdom of Wurtemberg, with 2,000,000 inhabitants, has four hundred drawing schools. In this country, according to Mr. Clark, of the National Bureau of Education, there are not more than a half dozen schools for practical training in art, as applied to industry and manufactures. The Worcester County (Mass.) Free Institute "offers a three years' course of theoretical and training in those branches of knowedge that underlie the industrial arts." The Lowell Free School of Industrial Design, connected with the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, is "intended to train young men and women in practical designing for manufactures." The Women's Art School at the Cooper Institute in New York City affords free instuction in drawing, wood engraving, painting, and photography. Here, also, a Free Night School of Science and Art is maintained for instruction in mathematics, chemistry, mechanics, natural philosophy, besides architectural, mechanical, and free-hand drawing from copy, cast, and life, and perspective and modeling in clay. The Philadelphia School of Design for Women is open ten months during the year; its aim is "the systematic training of young women in a knowledge of the principles and practice of the art of design, to develop and exercise their talents therein, and to qualify them for the practical application of art to the common uses of daily life, and in the tasteful shaping and adornment of our manufactures." The School of Design of the University of Cincinnati (Ohio) is supported by the fund bequeathed to the city for this purpose by Charles McMicken. The course of study extends through four years. Pittsburgh has no place in the list, unless our School of Design represents it.

Our State Legislature, two years ago, took a step in the direction of establishing Industrial Schools, by passing an act establishing the Mechanics' High School. A Board of Trustees was organized, under the act, and has been intensely busy during the two years of its existence,—*doing nothing*. It is an absolute farce, considered in its relations to education. It has not as yet mastered the elementary questions which arose when it was organized. It has not determined whether an Industrial School shall be organized and equipped at any industrial centre in the State, or whether aid shall be extended in establishing such schools at several points, or the affair merged, in some way into the Public School system. Not a member of the Board seems to have given the subject enough attention to have a definite idea regarding it. In the meantime the $3,000 set apart for the preliminary expenses of the school, pays the expenses of the "Trustees" in their occasional visits to Harrisburg. We believe this Mechanics High School Board to be a dead weight on Industrial Education in this State. It does nothing, and is in the way of others doing anything. We have referred, cursorily, to this subject, intending, at another time, to consider it more elaborately.

### PERSONAL.

WOODHULL and Claflin are lecturing in Vermont.

LAUNT THOMPSON, the sculptor, will spend the winter in the cities of Rome and Florence.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS is reported to be in better health than he has been for a long time.

MACMAHON never was guilty of the Malakoff phrase imputed to him: "Here I am; here I'll stay."

SCHUYLER COLFAX says that sixty thousand women can keep a secret. It would get away from any smaller number.

PROF. PROCTOR is almost ready to publish the census of Jupiter and Mars, so fully does he believe in their habitableness.

RICHARD GRANT WHITE, who professes to be a purist in English, is respectfully requested to tell what he means by "almost never."

JEFFERSON DAVIS will speak at the Fulton (Mo.) fair on Wednesday, and the Association expects twenty thousand people to hear him.

THE widow of the late Rev. Dr. Charles Collins succeeds her husband in the Presidency of the State Female College at Memphis, Tenn.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL'S friends are very sorry he published his last poem. "We air a great people, and we must be cracked up," you know.

DR. GRAHAM, of Louisville, is 91 years of age, but he goes about on horseback, hunting up curiosities for the museum, as spry and blythe as he was sixty or seventy years ago.

MRS. SCOTT SIDDONS is expected to return to this country in about a month's time. She has been rusticating at a healthy place in Devonshire, and her face is described "as red and brown and freckled as it ought to be."

PRINCE BISMARCK, Prussian that he is, is not devoid of French tastes. It is now related that on the eve of the battle of Sadowa he wrote to his wife: "Send me some French novels to read, but not more than one at a time."

THE Philadelphia *Times* says that Emir Side Jussef Zia Alkhalidi has vacated the Arabic Chair in Vienna and gone back to Jerusalem. What's the "Arabic Chair?" It couldn't have meant gum Arabic, for then he'd have stuck to it longer, you know.—*Commercial Advertiser.*

MARGARET FOLEY, the American sculptress in Rome, was once employed in a Lowell factory. One day the overseer, Walter Wright, discovered her whittling an acorn out of chalk. He stopped and asked where her model was. "In my head," was her reply. "Then this is no place for you," said Mr. Wright. He persuaded her to leave the factory and let him send her to school. In that way she received her start.

### LITERARY CHIP BASKET.

TENNYSON never smokes any but Virginia tobacco.

BRET HARTE'S stories have been translated into the Norwegian.

MR. JOHN CHURCHILL, the most extensive British publisher of medical books, is dead.

MR. R. H. STODDARD, the poet, is a martyr to rheumatism, which, most unfortunately for a writer, is in his hands.

REV. E. BURR, notable for his queer theological titles, and author of "Ecce Coelum" and Peter Mundi," has now in press "Toward the Strait Gate."

THE indefatigable Mr. Allibone is now at work on a volume of the "Prose Quotations, from Socrates to Macaulay," to be published next Fall by J. B. Lippincott & Co.

PARLIAMENT has adjourned without the appointment of the almost promised commission of inquiry into the present state of copyright generally. So that goes over for another year.

ANNIE THOMAS, the novelist, is said to be far from handsome, but to have an animated expression and elegant manners. Although she is the wife of a country parson, she is a capital rider and may often be seen following the hounds.

ONE of Mr. Moncure D. Conway's principal reasons in visiting his home in America after a fourteen years' absence is to see Walt Whitman. Mr. Conway was the first to introduce Whitman to England, where he has since found almost more admirers than at home.

MISS KATE FIELD is having a grand time in England. She is the guest of all the *litterateurs* and republicans, and is writing some capital letters to her friends in this country that are well worthy of publication. It is rumored that Miss Field will return with a play written expressly for her.

BAYARD TAYLOR will be the editor of "Picturesque Europe," under arrangements concluded last week with D. Appleton & Co. Thus Mr. Taylor will retrace his first journeys, when in company with his artist friend he took "Views Afoot," and came home to ascertain if any publisher wished a book from a young writer who had as yet no name in literature.

THE most important short poem Jean Ingelow has written for some time will appear in the October *Harper's*. It has the ring of such early poems as "Songs of Seven," and tells a story, such as she is fond of telling, of two farmers, friends fallen out, made "As One Again" by the loves of the second generation. The poem, with its illustrations, will occupy several pages.

AMONG authors who have ruined their booksellers we must now number the late Emperor Napoleon. His "Life of Cæsar," a dry and heavy book, was such a prodigous failure that M. Plon, the publisher, lost an enormous sum. He has also lost his suit against the estate of the late Emperor, the Court holding that booksellers who make bad bargains with authors must abide by them.

THE work of the Bible revisors on the New Testament has now been in progress five years and will occupy five years longer. The four Gospels have been completely revised, except two disputed points yet to be decided. The work on the Book of Acts is nearly finished. The number of revisors is twenty, and their monthly sessions continue for a week during ten months of the year. Whether the new Bible will be published in parts, in advance of completion, has not yet been determined.

BRET HARTE'S new novel calls forth the highest anticipations in literary circles. The story takes its title, "Gabriel Conroy," from its hero, a simple, good-hearted, honest old miner, of a type somewhat different from that of illustrious predecessors in Mr. Harte's writings. Several familiar friends, nevertheless, renew old acquaintance, among them Col. Starbottle, and the story is wholly in Mr Harte's original field, and is said to fulfill as a novel the promise of his very best tales. The opening is pronounced by critics who have had access to the manuscript to be very powerful.

THE New York correspondent of the Boston *Saturday Gazette* has been interviewing a friend of Algernon Charles Swinburne, now in this country, from whom some interesting and heretofore unpublished facts in the life of the poet were obtained. Mr. Swinburne was born in London in 1837, and entered Oxford in 1857. He comes of a noble family, is a Republican in politics, and of the Church of Blake and Shelly in religion—a sort of clarified nihilism. He is fond of very young and very old people. Of his poetry he ranks "Bertha" his best as a single piece. The larger part of his time is passed at his residence, Holmwood, Henley-on-Thames. He has written ten volumes, both prose and poetry, in the past ten years.

THE Rev. Edward Everett Hale's new story, though not strictly a Centennial story, deals with the early history of the nation, and appeals, therefore, to the omnipresent spirit. The title is "Philip Nolan's Friends; or, Show Your Passports." Philip Nolan will be remembered as the famous "Man Without a Country," who did yeoman-service during the war by suggesting to people that it was very uncomfortable indeed not to have a country. Philip Nolan was pictured as having been banished for participation in Burr's attempt at rebellion. He was purely a creation of Mr. Hale's, yet the newspapers gave any number of additional facts about him, and Mr. Hale himself received letters from people who remembered this very Nolan. The new story will be illustrated by sketches by Mr. Hale's daughter.

THE agent of the American line of steamers in Philadelphia, has the following from Liverpool: The peaches per steamer Ohio were rotten on arrival, but kept in perfect order until the 3d of September. The ice supply was exhausted on the 29th of August.

### Calhoun and Webster.

"The great mental excellence of Mr. Calhoun was his remarkable acuteness as a logician, and his keenness and subtlety in metaphysical speculation. No man ever reasoned more closely or with more mathematical precision. His words went straight to their object, like a ball shot from a rifle barrel. His sentences were the distillation of condensation. He never had a superfluous word. He was the soul of brevity, and, in this respect, is a model for speakers and writers of this age, whose tendency is to extreme verbosity. He spoke with great rapidity, and, as reporters declare, delivered fluently and easily far more words a minute than any other of our orators. These were his qualifications as a great speaker. He had his deficiencies. There was little poetry or imagination in his soul. His speeches are enriched by few flashes of feeling or sentiment. Everything was kept subordinate to pure, cold and naked logic, which showed in debate like a polished Damascus cimeter. He, therefore, spoke to the intellectual audience, and not to the more popular crowd.

"Daniel Webster's talents were very different from those of Mr. Calhoun. He had, in a great degree, the logical powers of the latter, but he had with them fine poetical and imaginative elements that the latter was deficient in. His sense of the beautiful was exceedingly great, and his command over copious and magnificent language was almost unexcelled. He was the orator, therefore, not only of Senates, but of great popular crowds. He gave Bunker Hill and Plymouth Rock the leading positions they have in our history. His orations were majestic compositions, connecting the thought of the philosopher with the superb generalization of the best historian, and enriched by the flowers of fancy and poesy. So of his leading efforts in the Senate. His statements of a proposition were models of clearness and power, and, if accepted as true, almost precluded controversy. Cold and unimpassioned in general, almost as the granite of his native hills, he yet, on great occasions, aroused to the glow of enthusiasm, and spoke with the vehemence of fiery zeal and passion. It was strange that the man from the ice and snow of the North should have had this peculiarity in so much greater degree than Mr. Calhoun, born under the more ardent and tropical zone of the South."—*G. M. D. Bloss' New Book.*

### After the Season.

The hotel bands at the seaside resorts, with one or two exceptions, have stolen away, and with them the fashionables, or would-be fashionables, have departed. The sensible people remain to enjoy the magnificent fall weather, to recuperate and drink in health and vigor. There is very little going on in the way of amusement. Hops are comparatively unknown, if not forgotten; a stray concert or other evening entertainment enlivens the monotony of existence; but the sea front and the board walk, with their ever changing phases, remain, and afford us amusement enough. Afternoon concerts are no more, but boating, gunning and fishing are as plentiful and better than ever, and the time devoted to flirtation under the trees is now given up to health-bearing exercise. Croquet parties, morning germans and musical rehearsals have passed away with the fading season, and their devotees find ample consolation in the magnificent bathing and superb gunning. And, after all, the latter part of August and the first few weeks in September are the healthiest and the most pleasant to spend at the seaside. The gaieties of midsummer may be over, it is true; the gay birds of fashion, the Flora McFlimseys and heavy swells may have departed, but nature with all her charms is still here. The crisp morning air, fresh and clear, brings health to the early riser, and makes his matutinal tramp seem easy and invigorating. The sea, too, possesses charms at this time of the year which she does not show in midsummer. The warmth of her waters invite the bathings down to the surf, and mingle their vapid utterances with the roar of the waters.

### The Tilton-Beecher Case.

It appears to be the general impression, says the *Tribune*, that the Brooklyn scandal suits are at an end—at least as far as Mr. Tilton is concerned. One great difficulty seems to be the want of money. Some friends of Mr. Tilton, a short time after the former trial, evinced a desire to get up a subscription in aid of Mr. Tilton, but the project has apparently fallen through. It is stated that Mr. Tilton's counsel feel that they did their duty to their client by working for him through the first trial, and they are unwilling to go on further in the matter without compensation. There has also been a little bickering between some of the counsel and their client, and this has caused the counsel to become a little luke-warm in the cause. It is stated authoritatively that under the present circumstances, should the matter be brought to a trial again, the former counsel will not act. The note of issue filed by ex-Judge Morris in the case is claimed by Mr. Beecher's friends to be an attempt to forestall the action of Mr. Beecher's lawyers, whose intention it was to move for a new trial in order to relieve their client of the costs of the action. The calendar of the September term of the Brooklyn City Court will be called on the third Monday of the present month. The position of the scandal trial is not definitely known, since the calendar has not yet been made up by the Clerk of the Court. This, however, will be done during the present week. It is believed that the case in question will stand between numbers thirty-five to forty. As to the time when the matter will come up, should both parties be willing to continue the litigation, nothing definite can be stated at present.

### The Glories of the Golden Age.

The world, I said, is growing better, not worse. The Past is dim in comparison with the brighter Present. The Future will eclipse both. Who can speak the glories of the Golden Age! O to have remained unborn until the coming time—until the latest generation of mankind! But better *this* day than Plato's. The world now has a thousand sweets for the human soul which were never tasted by the patriarchs and prophets. And chief among all the reasons why one should prefer to live in the nineteenth century, rather than to have heard the harp-strings of David, or to have worshipped in the temple of Solomon, is the sublime fact that the world has a new religion to take the place of the old—a religion which lifts from our mortal life the overhanging clouds of a wrathful future—a religion by which death is stripped of its terrors and reclothed with sweet delights—a religion by which human hearts are taught to banish hatreds and to cherish love—a religion which shows God with a beckoning finger instead of a red right hand—a religion whose teacher says to the erring sons of men, "I will not accuse you to the Father"—a religion which opens wide the gates of heaven and proclaims to all mankind, "Whoever will, let him come!"—*Theodore Tilton.*

### "Shoot Me Wid a Pistol."

His head was the shape and size of a watermelon, and he was so black that charcoal would make a light mark on him. The goat was asleep leaning against the side of the house. The darky was smoking a decayed cigar. He espied the goat, looked at the lit end of the cigar, grinned, then at the tail end of the goat, "grinned louder," looked all around to see that nobody was looking, and touched the lit end of that cigar to the tail end of that goat. The goat turned a handspring, and the negro opened his big mouth to laugh, but the goat butted him so quickly between the chin and his breeches pockets that his jaws came together, making a noise louder than the report of a gun. The negro's hat, boots and cigar lay in a pile, ten feet off, while his body was curled up like a horse shoe in the mouth of a sewer opening. When he "came to" he looked around at each one of the crowd, and dispersed the crowd by saying: "Will some ob 'you gemmen' shoot me wid a pistol? A nigga dat's as big a fool as I is ain't no business libin."

### Couldn't Tell a Lie.

M. Quad relates that as one of the dozen women who drive milk-carts around D—— was rattling across the Campus Martius yesterday, a chap, wearing lavender pants and bright blue neck-tie, motioned for her to stop, and then approached and inquired:

"Do you put water in your milk?"

"Yes, sir," was the prompt reply.

"Ah, ha! So you own right up, do you?"

"Yes, sir."

Her prompt reply rathered staggered him, but after some hesitation, he asked:

"And what makes you do it?"

"Because it's much healthier for calves when mixed half and half!" she retorted.

She waited for him to ask another question, but he couldn't think of any.

### On the War Path.

When old Spilkins, who lives on Michigan avenue, read Shearman's statement that Mr. Beecher kisses less than the average American clergyman, he arose, morally and physically got up, went down town and bought a double-barrelled shot-gun. When he had completed his purchase he asked for some ammunition. "What kind of shot do you want?" asked the merchant. "What kind have you?" said Spilkins. "Oh, all kinds; bird-shot, duck-shot, buckshot, in fact shot for any kind of game you want to kill." "Well," said Spilkins, "you may give me twenty-five pounds of preacher-shot."

### THE FLOWER YOU GAVE ME.

The flower you gave me is withered and dead,
Its beauty is vanished and yet
I would not take silver or gold in its stead,
For, Lady, I cannot forget.

I cannot forget the fair tresses amid
Whose silky brown meshes it lay;
I cannot forget the white hand that undid
The blossom and gave it away.

Then, though it is faded, its beauty is fled,
And lost from its heart the bright dew,
I would not take silver or gold in its stead
'Tis dearer, for 'twas given by you.

CHARLES NOBLE GREGORY.

### Diamonds on Children.

The remembrance of Saratoga as I am about to leave it will always be a sparkling one. Whenever I think of this little village, with its three monster hotels and their thousands of happy and gay visitors, the dazzle and glitter of a million diamonds will naturally flash before my eyes. It was laughable to think of the heart-rending cry of "hard times" in all the newspapers and in everybody's mouth, and to follow the blazing procession of diamonds down the Congress Hall piazza. If they were pebbles they could scarcely be more abundant. Here is one, you see, the size of a small window-pane. It ornaments the neck of a little school girl of sixteen. Do you see those little girls of six and seven frolicking in the drawing-room, upsetting the chairs and chasing each other up and down the costly velvet carpet? They all wear diamonds. There are people here who say it is bad taste to spoil the sweet innocence of children by such showy pampering of vanity; but I suppose they are laughed at. The very next thing out will no doubt be diamond ear-rings, rings, and necklaces for newborn pulpy infants.

### The Expenditure on Dress.

How much is there spent on dress in a season at Saratoga? It would be a curious puzzle to solve. At a rough guess at least 100,000 people visit this village every year. Two-thirds of these are women, or say, at a round figure, 60,000. The average number of dresses—and, for convenience's sake, we'll leave out such trifles as bonnets, gloves, pencils, &c., brought by each of these 60,000 fair ones may be safely set down at ten, and of these one-half are certainly new. Two hundred dollars for an average Saratoga dress is a pretty low computation; but let it pass—let us be generous and not swell their husbands' bills to more than they already are. That would give us $10,000 spent by each fair visitor, and, as a total, the round sum of $600,000,000! How many schools and hospitals could be founded with this amount?

### Church Taxation.

The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has recently made a very important decision touching the much discussed subject of church taxation. It is that "real estate held by a religious society not more than sufficient in extent to meet its reasonable requirements in this respect, and devoted by such society in good faith to the erection of a church edifice, upon which the work of erection, already commenced, is prosecuted without unreasonable delay, is entitled to the exemption from taxation given by the statute." One of the judges dissented from this opinion, desiring it to be emphatically stated that the building erected "must be a house of religious worship," and used for no other purpose. This would effectually exclude church suppers, lotteries, and other inventions of the age.


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OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from MAY 1st to NOVEMBER 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from NOVEMBER 1st to MAY 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
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MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
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Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall and Winter Wear.
LOWEST PRICES.

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Hair Dressing, Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing, in the latest style. Also Cupping and Leeching, at
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Very Attractive Display
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We now offer our many customers the largest and most complete stock of Dress Goods, &c., we have ever exhibited. Goods new and desirable having just been received. All qualities and lowest prices.
New Camel's Hair Plaids.
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Beautiful New Plaid Cashmeres.
Colored Cashmeres, all new shades.
New Mohairs and Pongees, all colors.
New All-Wool Serges, Sateens, &c.
The above assortment of
FINE DRESS GOODS
Embraces many of the latest novelties to be found in the European market.
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS
IN
Black All-Wool Cashmeres from 62½c to $1.75.
Black Mohair Lustres from 25c to 87½c.
We have just opened a large lot of the above goods making our assortment now complete in all qualities.
Splendid Bargains
IN ALL GRADES OF
BLACK AND COLORED
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At 12½c, choice new Plaid Dress Goods.
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WILLIAM SEMPLE,
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Special novelties in New
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NECKWEAR,
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The choicest assortment of fine goods we have yet shown.
Brocade Satin
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FINE SUSPENDERS,
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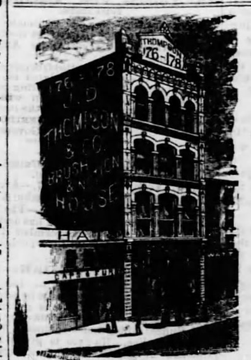


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## FINANCIAL.


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**DAILY GAZETTE.**

## FINANCIAL.

**Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.**

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, September 8, 1875.

A fairly active line of business greeted the banks yesterday, so far as current accounts were concerned. There is a fair accumulation of funds again, and a readiness to loan on acceptable paper. In business circles there is rather more general activity, some branches of trade being quite active and others but moderately so. The opinion is very decided, both among bankers and manufacturers, that the condition, both of business and finances, is steadily improving, and that the Fall trade will realize all reasonable expectations. Business men are evidently full of faith in this idea, and are arranging accordingly. The ordinary daily transactions in business, involving sales and deliveries of goods, have grown to be quite large. Our streets are actively occupied, and the carriage seems to be in demand. All of which firms the views of bankers as to the coming better times.

The fol owing stocks were sold last evening by John D. Bailey, auctioneer, at McIlwaine's Stock Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:

M. & M. National Bank, $66 75
Bank of Pittsburgh, 62 25

The New York *Herald* has this to say on the subject: The business outlook is unchanged. While trade has not attained the volume which was expected of it at this season of the year, the merchant in looking around finds compensation in the fact that business is being generally transacted on a sounder basis, and that no other failures occur they will be due to old rather than the recent mismanagement. It is unfortunate in the process of contraction which is going on that goods must sometimes be brought in competition with those that are forced sale under the hammer of the auctioneer and prices be thus helped downward, but this is the penalty which always has been and will be exacted from those who too freely employ credit and yield to the temptation incident to a period of false and artificial prosperity. What goes up must come down, and the settling process is not perpetual, and when the bottom is reached the reaction is at once normal and healthy. Gradually we are passing through the ordeal of trouble, but each succeeding season will show a clearer commercial atmosphere than existed before.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gold | 115 | 5-20's 1868—coupons | 120½ |
| U. S. 6's, 1881, coup. | 122½ | 10-40's | 119¾ |
| " 1864 | 117½ | Currency 6's | 123¼ |
| " 1865 | 118½ | New 5 per cents | 117¼ |
| " 1865, new | 118¾ | 10-40's—coupons | 118½ |
| 5-20's 1867 | 120½ | | |
| RAILWAYS. | | | |
| N. Y. Cen | 104½ | Ohio & Mississippi | 19 |
| Erie | 16¾ | Union Pacific | 73 |
| " pref | 27½ | Toledo & Wabash | 6 |
| C. C. & I. C | 7 | Harlem | 132 |
| St. Paul | 36¼ | Adams Express | 102 |
| Do. pref | 69½ | American Express | 57 |
| Michigan Southern | 57½ | U. S. Express | 44 |
| Do. Central | 61¾ | W., Fargo & Co. Ex. | 74¾ |
| North Western Com | 50¾ | Quicksilver | 29½ |
| Do. Pref | 55 | Fort Wayne | 100¼ |
| Rock Island | 107¾ | Hannibal & St. Jos. | 22¼ |
| Ft. Wayne & Chi | 125¾ | Panama | 132 |
| Pacific Mail | 37½ | Iron Mountain | 16 |
| Western Union Tel. | 79 | | |

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| P. R. R. (A) | 56¾ | Cen. Trans (B) | 46¾ |
| Reading (S) | 54¾ | Empire Do (S) | 54 |
| Cons. of N. J. (B) | 31¾ | A. V. R. R. 7-30 (B) | 91 |
| Oil Creek (B) | 9¾ | P. C. & St. L. 7's (S) | 75¾ |
| Lehigh Valley (S) | 62¾ | | |

NEW YORK, September 7, 1875.

Gold opened and closed at 115, the highest price of the day having been 115¼, and the lowest 114¾. The rates paid for borrowing were 1-64 per diem, and 3, 4 and 2 per cent. per annum. Loans were also made flat. Governments were strong. Railroad bonds were firm and in demand, principally for Northwest consolidated gold, which sold at 88. State securities were quiet. Stocks were strong nearly all day, after a dull and rather heavy opening. Late dealings showed something of a yield in prices, but the market was firm at the close. Harlem was prominent this afternoon in a run down to 129, and a later recovery to 131. The transactions on the Stock Exchange were 86,000 shares, of which 12,000 were Pacific Mail, 17,000 Western Union, 6,000 Northwest, 6,000 St. Paul common, 3,000 preferred, and 33,000 Lake Shore.

It was reported on the street this afternoon that the Board of Directors of the Erie Railway was about to be reorganized, some of the present directors resigning and their places being filled by parties more closely identified with the interests of the English stockholders.

*Government*s.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 123½; 5-20s of '54, 115¾; do of '65, 118¾; do of '65, new, 120½; do of '67, 120¾; do of '68, 120¾; new 5s, 117¾; 10-40s, 116¾; coupons, 117¾; currency 6s, 123¾.

*State Bonds.*—Tennessee, old, 50¾; do new, 50; Virginia, new, 40; do old, 40; Missouri 6s, 101¾.

*Stocks.*—Western Union Telegraph Company, 79; Pacific Mail, 37½; Adams Express, 101½; Fargo Express, 78½; American Express, 65; U. S. Express, 43; New York Central, 104½; Erie, 16¾; do preferred, 34; Harlem, 130½; do preferred 130; Michigan Central, 73; Lake Shore, 87½; Illinois & Mississippi, 19; Chicago & Rock Island, 98½; Pittsburgh, 90½; New Jersey Central, 110; Rock Island, 107½; St. Paul, 36½; do preferred, 64; Wabash, 6; do preferred, 6; Fort Wayne, 100; Terre Haute, 6; do preferred, 18; Chicago & Alton, 97½; do preferred, 104; Ohio & Mississippi, 19; Indiana Central, 4; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 22½; Burlington & Quincy, 111½; Delaware & Lackawanna, 204; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, 20½; Central Pacific, 104; Union, 103.

LONDON, September 7—3 P. M.—Business in the general markets was so tame at the opening as to make it difficult almost to establish quotations. There have been scarcely any variations in prices. Erie was steady at the advance of yesterday. Illinois Central has fallen 1 per cent. With the exception of the decline noted, the market for American securities, although quiet, is well supported.

LONDON, September 7—5 P. M.—Consols: money and account, 94 9-16; 5-20s of '65, 106½; do of '67, 108¼; 10-40s, 104½; new 5s, 105; New York Central, 94; Erie, 15; preferred, 31½.

PARIS, September 7.—Rentes 66f 75c.

FRANKFORT, September 7.—U. S. new 5s 100½.

**Receipts of Pig Metal, Ore Blooms, and Muck Bar.**

PENNA. R. R.

J. W. Porter m ..... 11

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

W. J. Hammond s l. 1 P. D. Nichols s l. 1
Total ..... 2

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R R.

Lewis, O. & P. m.. 2 E. T. Steel W'k's m. 2
Lucy Furnace m... 4 Shoenberger & Co o 2
Keystone B. Co b l. 3
Total ..... 13

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. LESSEE.

Caughey & H m... 1 Nimick & Co m .. 10
Isabella Furnace o.. 4 Lindsay & McCo 2
Carnegie Bro. m..... 4 Lewis, O. & P. m. 3
Lucy Furnace o.... 10
Total ..... 34

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Glass N. & Co o... 2 Zug & Co o..... 3
Lucy Furnace o..... 2 Lewis, B. & D. o. 4
Jones & L o..... 2 Isabella Furnace. 4
H. Lloyd & Co o..... 1 Lindsay & McCm 17
Phillips, N. & Co o, 2
Total ..... 50

**Exports from New York.**

The following table exhibits the exports from New York for the week ending on the date named:

| | Sept. 5, 1875. | Aug. 26, 1875. | Aug. 16, 1874. | Sept. 3, 1874. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flour, bbls.. | 11,142 | 6,800 | 20,133 | 11,500 |
| Wheat, bu.. | 330,000 | 211,885 | 1,190,350 | 800,000 |
| Corn, bu.. | 290,000 | 276,000 | 238,000 | 250,000 |

The exports of wheat from New York during the month of August were 3,340,459 bushels, against 2,784,004 for the corresponding month in 1874, and the exports of corn for August were 1,126,786 bu., against 2,067,304 bu. same month last year.

## COMMERCIAL.

**Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.**

**DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.**

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, Sept. 7, 1875.

Trade in commercial circles, while it is by no means active, and is not up to what it usually is at this season of the year, is about all that can be expected. The inquiry for nearly everything is light, restricted mainly to supplying immediate necessities, while, as regard values, there have been no changes of any consequence for several days.

BUTTER—The market continues quiet and unchanged; prime to choice, solid packed, 23a25c; ditto roll, 25a27c, with a very light supply of the latter.

CHEESE—The demand continues light, as compared with what it was a week or two ago, owing to the abundance of fruits and vegetables, but prices remain unchanged; prime Ohio Factory, in a jobbing way, 11a11¾c.

EGGS—There is an increasing demand for good, fresh stock, which is scarce, and we advance our quotations to 17a18c for such.

FRUITS—Peaches were in light stock today and prices were better in consequence, although trade was only fair; sales were made at $1a1.50 per box for fair to prime. Apples in better supply and easier; quotable at $3a4 per bbl. Plums selling at $3a4 per bushel. Blackberries $1.00a1.25 per bucket.

FLOUR—The market continues quiet and devoid of any new features deserving of special notice. Good to choice brands of old red winter and spring wheat flour $7.25a7.50. The arrivals of new Flour, as yet, have been small and mostly of an indifferent quality.

GROCERIES—Sugars continue in very fair demand, and refined goods are firm but unchanged. Coffee is again reported firmer at the source of supply, but quiet. A late New York paper reports that market as follows:—Brazil Coffee continues quite tame and weak, and although there is no pressure to sell, there is little disposition on the part of our dealers to buy at the moment, the inquiry from their customers having materially fallen off, and with a rather nominal market, quotations are reduced one-quarter of a cent per pound on all grades of Rio, and ¼a¾ a cent on Santos. There are no new features in the statistical position of the market, unless it be in the Rio telegram, this remaining about as favorable as before, but for the time being at least, a sluggish feeling prevails, and the business is reduced to minimum proportions. The jobbing trade is very dull, there being almost no demand from the West, and we reduce our quotations half a cent, calling fair or ordinary to choice, 17¾a21c, gold.

| SUGARS. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Crushed | 12 | Standard A | 10¾ |
| Granulated | 11¾ | Ex C Standard | 10¾ |
| Powdered | 12 | Diamond A | 10¾ |
| Standard A | 10¾ | Extra Golden | 9¾@10¼ |
| N. O. Sugar | 8¾@ 9¾ | Refined Yellows | 9¾@10 |
| COFFEES. | | | |
| Rio Good | 21 @ | Roasted Java | 28 |
| Rio Prime | 24 @ | Java, bbls | 28 |
| Rio Choice | 26 @ | Java, loose | 26¾ |
| R. Rio, lb pkgs | 20 | | |
| RICE. | | | |
| Rangoon, per lb | 7¼@8 | Patna, per lb | 7¾@8 |
| Carolina, per lb | 9@9¾ | | |
| MOLASSES. | | | |
| Porto Rico | 50@55 | New Orleans | 75@80 |
| Demarara | 60@65 | | |
| SYRUPS. | | | |
| Sugar house | 35@40 | Sugar Drips | 30@45 |
| Maryland | 45 | White Drips | 35@50 |
| Silver Drips | 50 | Extra Golden | 45@70 |

GRAIN—There is a continued steady demand for old Winter Wheat, and the market is reported steady at $1.50a1.55 for red, and 5a8c additional for amber and white. There is more or less new Wheat offering, but it is mostly of an inferior quality, and some of it is hard enough for seed only. The Oat market has stiffened up again; there were but few sellers to-day under 45c for white, but the advance asked curtailed the demand, and will for a few days to come if it is maintained. Corn continues dull and prices are weak, with increased receipts and offerings; Shelled quotable at 57½a57¾c in track, and Ear at 73a80c. Rye is quiet and nominal at 88a90 for new. Penna. and Ohio Fall Barley quoted at $1.20a1.23.

HAY—There is a fair demand, and prices are maintained; baled, $20@22 on track, and loose, from country wagons, $18@20.

POTATOES—The receipts have dropped off, and the market is firmer, although the demand continues light; quotable at 30a35c per bushel, on track, for the carload. Sweets unchanged at $3.50a4.50 per bbl, the outside figure for Jerseys.

PROVISIONS—The market is moderately active, and prices unchanged. At Chicago exchange, of Monday, says:—It is generally expected that the statement of ten days' hence will show comparatively light stocks to be drawn upon before the supply of next winter is available. It is thought that very little cutting will be done during this month—partly because the farmers will keep back the hogs to fatten on cheap corn, and partly because the packers want to hold off in the hope of getting a decline so that they think safe figures at which to open the packing season.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hams—Extra S. C. | 14½ | Lard—Prime Leaf in tierces | 14 |
| Do. S. Shoulders, Ex S. C. | 12 | Do., half barrels | 14½ |
| B'fast Bacon, S. C. | — | Lard—Ref. for summer use in tierces | 14½ |
| Dried Beef, S. C. | 14½ | Do., in ¼ bbls | 15 |
| Sugar Cured, old | 15 | Do., in ½ bbls | 15¼ |
| Beef Tongues Sugar Cured | 18 | Do., in ¼ bbls | 17¼ |
| Bacon Shoulders | 10¾ | Do., 5 lb pails | 17 |
| Rib Sides | 12¾ | Do., 3 lb pails | 18¼ |
| Short Rib do | 13¾ | Do., 1 lb do | 18¾ |
| Clear Sides | 14 | Do., 4 lb do | 17¾ |
| Mess Pork, ½ bbl | $22.50 | Carbon Oil | — |
| Miner's Lard Oil | $1.10 | Cheese | — |
| Lard Oil | $1.10 | | |

POULTRY—Live Chickens, 50a60c per pair.

RAGS—Good mixed, 2¾a3.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed is easier, and we reduce our quotations to $2.90a3.00 per bu. Clover Seed quiet; quoted nominally at $8.75a9.00. Nothing doing in Flax Seed.

**PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.**

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, Sept. 7, 1875.

The Crude market continues firm, and, contrary to general expectation, prices are still maintained; immediate shipment, $1.40 per bbl., a slight advance, as compared with the closing rate of yesterday, $1.37½. The general feeling just now is favorable to the prodncer, but the market is very sensitive, and is liable to change around at almost any moment. Refined, also, firm and higher; Philadelphia and Baltimore delivery, 11¾, with sellers at 12, equal to 9¾a10 on cars here. Refiners continue to complain of unremunerative rates, and it should not be overlooked that the raw article has advanced fully as much, if not more, than the product.

The Barrel market is reported firmer; countries, $1.20a1.30; city make, $1.40.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

| Shipper. | Consignee. | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|
| J. Bushnell | Brilliant O W | 1,173 |
| J. Bushnell | Crystal O W | 1,191 |
| J. Bushnell | National O W | 793 |
| S. Craig | Petrolite O W | 400 |
| S. Craig | Sunbeam O W | 79 |
| G. M. Robinson | Vesta O W | 80 |
| Total | | 3,716 |

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA A. V. R. R.

| Shipper | Consignee | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|
| Lockhart & F | Warden, F. & Co | 362 |
| National Oil Works | Warden, F. & Co | 406 |
| Standard O W | Warden, F. & Co | 725 |
| Livingston Bros | Warden, F. & Co | 350 |
| Vesta Oil Works | Geo. Pohl | 250 |
| David Bly & Co | Central Ref. Co | 259 |
| W. P. Logan & Co | J. P. Logan | 50 |
| Lockhart & F | Eugene Poultney | 250 |
| Total | | 2,652 |

**New York Breadstuffs' Trade—Weekly Review.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The market for Flour since a week ago has been rather quiet and without any material change to note, except in Minnesota Bakers' Flours, which have been in good demand and have advanced fully 25c, with a pretty large business done up to the close, when the buyers held off in view of the decline in Wheat, and the market wound up rather heavy, although holders demanded the advance already obtained. This was secured by means of reports early in the week from the chief Wheat growing sections of Minnesota, to the effect that rain had continued storms had prevailed throughout those sections for several days. Upon these, orders came from Western millers to hold Flour here at higher rates, and this led to a somewhat speculative feeling. Later, however, these reports did not obtain verification, and with the decline in Wheat at the close the advantage gained was considerably lost if one had been compelled to sell. High grades of Winter Wheat Flour of old crop have also been very strong, because of a growing or apprehended scarcity, and a good trade has been done, while new crop do, has been sold with difficulty, and only at concessions; good new Amber selling at $6.50a6.85; Supers and No. 2 have been scarce, and there has been wanted at about 10c advance at the close, while City Mills have been in light request in the absence of sailing vessels for the West Indies, while the millers were wont sold up and generally ahead, so that there has been no pressure to sell. Patent Minnesotas have not been so active as last week, as the export demand has been very light and jobbing only fair, however, have been well sustained; Shipping Extras have been extremely dull, buyers and sellers having maintained a respectful distance apart of 10a20 cents all the week, with a few exceptions, until the close, when the sunden drop in Wheat made holders relax their extreme demands, and the market closed with a moderate trade at $5.75a6 for fair to choice lines delivered of State and Western, although as high as $6.15 was paid early in the week for the best brands.

Since a week ago the Wheat market has advanced fully 4c, on both Prime Spring and Winter of old crop, under a pretty good export and milling demand, the speculative element having mostly disappeared, leaving the market upon a legitimate export basis, upon which a good business has been done throughout with but few exceptions; at the close, however, the offerings were too heavy and some desire to realize, especially in Winter, which stood the decline of 4a5c from the extreme highest point of the week, so that the market closes about where it opened; for all grades, except New Winter, which has gone down to a price at which some outlet could be found, and Ohio and Indiana Red have been sold as low as $1.26a1.28, and Prime New Michigan Amber at $1.40; this, however, has had the effect to strengthen in the same degree Old, and at the close it is held at $1.56a1.63, in store and afloat, for Old Amber Michigan, @13 3-32c; January 13 3-16@13 7-32c; February 13 13-32@13 7-16c; March 13 19-32@13⅝c; April 13 25-32@13 13-16c.

NEW ORLEANS, September 6.—Cotton: sales 60 bales; prices easier and quiet; low middlings 13¾a13¾c; good ordinary 12¾c; net receipts 1,365 bales; gross 1,392 bales; exports coastwise 845 bales; sales 450 bales.

GALVESTON, September 7.—Cotton quiet; middlings 13¾c; low middlings 13¼c; good ordinary 12¾c; net receipts 1,365 bales; gross 1,392 bales; exports coastwise 845 bales; sales 450 bales.

MOBILE, September 7.—Cotton weak and irregular; middlings 13¼@13¾c; low middlings 12¾c; good ordinary 12¼c; net receipts 224 bales; exports coastwise 167 bales; sales 100 bales.

SAVANNAH, September 7.—Cotton easier; middlings 13¾c; low middlings 13¼c, good ordinary 12¾c; net receipts 399 bales; sales 145 bales.

CHARLESTON, September 7.—Cotton easy; middlings 13½c; low middlings 13¼c; good ordinary 13c; net receipts 582 bales; sales 300 bales.

**Dry Goods.**

NEW YORK, September 7.—Business was less active with commission houses and importers, but a liberal jobbing trade was effected. Cotton flannels, cheviots and fine brown cottons are in good demand. Plaid and dark madder fancy prints are fairly active. Dress goods and ginghams are in brisk request. Fancy cassimeres ruled quiet, but wool flannels and repellants are in steady demand. Shawls are in moderate request.

**IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.**

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—1 car l beer, I. Leissy & Co; 100 bbls lime, J. Baughman; 1 car stone, E. Alden; 1 do staves, Shoenberger & Co; 1 do lumber, Slack & S; 2 do, Calhoun & Co; 1 do, Fullerton, L. & B; 1 do, N. S. Coulter; 2 bbls e feathers, 4 bdls mdse, A. Speer & Son; 49 bxs cheese, J. A. Finney; 8 pkgs slides, Dauler & Son; 3 bbls h ide, T. D. Mann; 35 bbls onions, 20 do apples, Voigt, M. & Co; 21 bbls onions, Head, C. & Co; 20 do, J. Pettitt & Co; 22 bxs scales, Fairbank, M. & Co; 571 bdls paper, Hill West & Co; 20 bdls fellows, J. C. Shabor; 50 bbls oil, Palmer, A. & Co; 151 sks wheat, Marshall, K. & Co; 2 casks e ware, W. W. Blacker & Co; 30 bxs cheese, Knox & O; 17 sks t seed, A. Kirkpatrick & Co; 15 cases matches, J. P. Packing; 10 kegs p barley, 2 tubs butter, Schlegel & Z; 8 cases matches, J. D. Thompson; 216 sks oats, James Graham; 276 do, Beckert & G; 1 set tables, N. Whiting & Co; 2 cars oil bbls, B. D. Moore; 1 do, C. A. Worncastle; 1 do s pipe, W. Hutchinson; 1 do, H. R. Collins; 1 do, A. Wilson; 1 do wheat, Whitmeyer & Co; 120 packing bbls, Lewis, O. & P; 13 bbls apples, 2 do onions, H. Rea, Jr; 9 pkgs sundrs, F. Duff & Son; 440 bdls paper, A. Walker & Son.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.—4 bags seed, Scobia, R. & S; 20 bxs starch, T. C. Jenkins; 18 dozen chairs, G. H. Dauler & Sons; 14 pails tobacco, Pretzfeld & Bros; 7 bdls t slides, Renvers & Co; 4 bbls oil, A. Sneer & Son; 122 bags feed, Houck, McC & Co; 120 bbls flour, Geo. Dilly; 8 do t seed, M. W. Rankin & Bro; 10 do, McHenry & H; 1 bbl eggs, 2 bxs do, J. H. Loh & Co; 10 bbls oil, T. W. Myers; 400 sks flour, F. W. Jenkins; 1 car hay, John Rose; 5 bbls whisky, H. W. Fenton; 2 packages slarm drawers, S.B. Replogle; 200 sks meal, F. W. Jenkins & Bro; 5 qr bxs tobacco, Knox & Orr; 1 beef hide, J. Callery & Co; 2 cars staves, Fred. Kober; 1 bbl eggs, P. Duff & Son; 5 bales cotton, Eagle Cotton Mills; 1 box g ware, T. C. Jenkins.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY—62 cars coal, New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Company; 26 do coal, Armstrong, Painter & Co; 20 do, Shoenberger & B; 12 do, Isabella Furnace; 7 do, J. H. Walters; 3 do, J. McGraw, 2 do clay, Harbison & W; 1 do lumber, A. Reineman; 1 do, Bryant & H; 1 do, Brunot & Chant L Ice Co; 2 do wheels, J. S. Awl; 1 do fire brick, Jones & L; 1 do lime, W. J. Baughman; 1 do lumber, Heath & S; 1 do, Leonard; 1 do, A. S. Schaffer, 10 do cinders, Jones & Furnace; 3 do, Edgar P. W. Veasey, Mayor, son Steel Wks; 1 do s oil, Loomis & Co; 1 do, H. C. Vantine & Co; 1 do acid, Pittsburgh Acid Works.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.—1 car lard, E. H. Myers & Co; 10 pails tobacco, J. W. Taylor; 5 pkgs liquor, M. Byrne; 1 bbl eggs, Head C. & Co; 1 tub butter, G. L. Peabody; 15 pkgs bags, 3 do wool, R. P. Wallace; 5 bbls hams, W. Partridge; 5 do liquor, S. Klinordlinger; 5 do, Getty & Co; 5 do, S. McCricket; 20 do, S. Finch; 50 bbls apples, Aiken M. & F; 50 do, Reed, Jr. & Co; 6 sks oats, J. White; 11 bbls rye flour, Shomaker & Co; 1 car hay, Laing & McK; 1 do, W. G. Miller; 1 car flour, D. Wallace; 112 bxs cheese, Braden C. & F; 125 pkgs soap, Caskey & S; 2 bdls paper, B. Pflaum; 30 cases tobacco, Johnston C. & Co; 63 pigs lead, Bailey F. & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—1 car cooperage, W. League; 334 hides, J. Groetzinger; 1 car oats, I. Hippley; 3 do f seed, Thompson & L; 1 do wheat, Gilmore & Co; 1 do lime, Holmes & Co; 1 do cooperage, J. M. Hemphill; 1 do lumber, W. Chisholm; 1 do h iron, S. F. Duncan; 1 do malt, J. N. Straub; 3 rolls leather, J. Callery & Co; 1 car p lead, Beymer B. & Co; 15 bbls whisky, M. Gregan; 1 car lumber, C. C. Boyle; 20 bbls, 120 sks flour, J. K. Hauk; 1 car lumber, J. Stedford & Co; 10 bbls, 20 sacks flour, S. F. Armstrong.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH ELEVATOR—2 cars wheat, Marshall, K. & Co.

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OFFICE and YARDS—Cor. Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at the foot of Rose street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.

Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.


## RIVER NEWS.

**State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.**

OFFICE OF OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY.—DAILY REPORT OF THE STAGE OF WATER WITH CHANGES IN THE 24 HOURS ENDING ST. M.

Pittsburgh, September 7, 1875.

| Stations. | Above low water | Change in 24 hours | Dir'n of Wind. | State of Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | ft. in. | ft. in. | | |
| Cairo, Ill | 11 | —3 | S | Fair. |
| Cincinnati, O | 3 | +7 | NE | Fair. |
| Davenport, Iowa | 2 | 10 | SE | Fair. |
| Dubuque, Iowa | 4 | +2 | SE | Cloudy. |
| Keokuk, Iowa | 4 | 6 | S | Clear. |
| LaCrosse, Wis | 4 | +7 | S | Fair. |
| Leavenworth | 2 | +2 | S | Fair. |
| Louisville | 4 | 8 | —1 | N | Fair. |
| Memphis, Tenn | 10 | 7 | —8 | NW | Fair. |
| Nashville, Tenn | 5 | | | NW | Fair. |
| Omaha | 5 | 4 | —3 | N | Clear. |
| Pittsburgh | 9 | 3 | | NW | Clear. |
| St. Louis | 9 | 3 | +1 | SE | Fair. |
| St. Paul, Minn | 8 | 1 | | S | Fair. |
| Vicksburg, Miss | 24 | | —1 | S | Fair. |
| Yankton, D. T. | 7 | | | W | Fair. |

L. A. WELSH,
Sergeant Signal Service, U. S. A.

THE stage of water last evening was about 15 or 16 inches. Weather continues clear and pleasant. Business at the landing entirely suspended.

THE Arlington was to have left Cincinnati for New Orleans yesterday.

THE Exchange and Granite State are both engaged in the packet trade between Cincinnati and points above.

CAPT. R. C. MASON, of the Upper Missouri steamer E. H. Durfee, left for Yankton on Monday afternoon by rail.

THE Monongahela river has been stationary at headwaters for several days past. Only five inches reported at Brownsville.

SOME of the crew of the Exchange have reached home, including Dales, second clerk; Hunter, mate, and Pauline, steward.

THE single scull race between Coulter and Morris, on next Saturday, promises to be a very interesting one, and the attendance will no doubt be large.

THE Forest City, the Pittsburgh and Wheeling packet, has made her last trip, and will be immediately dismantled. A new steamer will be ready for business about the 10th of November.

CHAS. MILLER, a merchant of Little Rock, and after whose daughter Capt. Woodburn's new boat was named, died suddenly at that place. Preparations had been made by the Miller family to give the officers of the Rosa Miller an entertainment, but Mr. Miller died before the boat reached that port.

A MEMPHIS paper says:—Captain D. DeHaven, who is well-known in river circles, was sent to jail yesterday morning, in default of $4,000 bonds, on a charge of larceny of a piano from Mrs. Laura Holmes, who keeps a boarding house in this city. The charge is that he obtained the piano, valued at $250, to raise money for Mrs. Holmes, and that he failed to turn over the proceeds or account for the piano.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* of yesterday (Tuesday) says: Capt. Tom P. Leathers, of the Natchez, was on Change yesterday, and will be in the city till after the Labor parade to-morrow. He informed us that he was just from Washington, and that Leathers, Tobin and Cannon last Saturday secured the contract for carrying the mail between Vicksburg and New Orleans at $35,000 per year. The steamers to be used for the purpose will be the Natchez, Frank Pargoud, and Robert E. Lee.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* of yesterday (Tuesday) says: Capt. Shannon and Clerk Harbison, of the Exchange, left for Pittsburgh, and Capt. E. B. Cooper, of the Emma Graham, for Wellsville, last night, the latter to take the Fearless up to Pittsburgh from St. Louis with five barges of ore and three empty ones, destined for Wheeling and Pittsburgh. . . . Mr. W. W. Ackley, freight clerk of the Arlington, arrived by rail from Pittsburgh, to resume his office on that steamer, leaving for New Orleans today.

L. A. SPIVERIE, a mulatto woman, has brought suit at Richmond, Va., against Capt. F. W. Veasey, Mayor of Pittsburgh, which plies between Pungateaque and Baltimore, for refusing to sell her a first-class ticket. The penalty for violation of the statute under which Captain Veasey is charged, is a fine of not less than $500 nor more than $1,000, and imprisonment for not less than one nor more than twelve months. The Baltimore *Sun*, of the 24, reports that the suit was dismissed in the Circuit Court in the United States Circuit Court, on last Tuesday, against Capt. Veasey, laying damages at $500 for refusing her first class passage.

(For Additional River News see Fourth Page.

## ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.


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**Sectional Steam Boiler Co.,**

Manufacture the celebrated

**WEIGAND BOILER,**

The only Boiler scientifically constructed so as to secure perfect circulation.

NEEDS NO CLEANING.

Costs comparatively nothing for repairs. Absolute safety from destructive explosions. Saves 25 per cent. in fuel. Simple in its construction. Any pamphlets, testimonials and cuts can be furnished. Over 18,000 horse power in daily use running Rolling Mills, Factories, &c. For pamphlets, testimonials and other information call or address the Company at their office.

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Stills, Agitators, Salt Pans, Gasometers, Settling Pans, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, KITCHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

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Tubular, Double-head Tubular, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers. Oil Stills and Oil Tanks. Chimneys, Riveted and Ash Pans. Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers. Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges. Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.

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**Pittsburgh, Pa.**

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MANUFACTURERS OF

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## STEAMSHIPS.


PASSAGE

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TICKETS to and from any European port for all the principal lines of steamers.
PASSPORTS procured on shortest notice.
DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal cities of Europe and America.
COLLECTIONS of inheritances, legacies, &c., attended to directly and promptly

# HOME NEWS.

Pittsburgh Female College. Fall Term opens September 8. Charges reduced.

### Escaped From Jail

On Monday evening a young man visited his brother, who was confined in the Beaver county jail, at Beaver, and while there, exchanged clothing with him. The prisoner then walked out, while the visitor remained in the cell for a couple of hours, when he made himself known to the warden and was released.

### Beaver College.

It will not surprise those of our readers who are acquainted with the beauty of the location of this institution and the efficiency of its management under Dr. Taylor, to learn that more than seventy boarding pupils have engaged rooms for the fall session, opening the 14th inst. With the enlarged accommodations, other rooms are available for those wishing to enter.

### Moody and Sankey.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Evangelical Association of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, held on Monday, it was resolved to extend an invitation to Messrs. Moody and Sankey, the great revivalists, to visit Pittsburgh some time during this fall. The paper was signed by all the ministers present, and was subsequently placed in the hands of Rev. Dr. Lowrie, of the Allegheny Seminary, to forward to the revivalists.

### Fell Into a Well.

On Monday evening, while some men were engaged in digging a well alongside a cesspool, in the yard in the rear of Brown's grocery store on Federal street, near Montgomery avenue, Allegheny, the side of the well caved in and the ground between the two wells also caved in. A man named Miller, who was standing at the side of the well, was carried down into the well with the dirt and filth, and before he could be helped out he was almost suffocated by the poisonous gases. He escaped uninjured.

### Satisfied with the Trip.

The St. Louis *Globe* of Monday says: "The expedition to Pittsburgh of twelve Aldermen and citizens closed on Friday by the return of the excursionists. They inspected fifteen miles of the wedge block tested pavement, in which Messrs. John R. Maude, George Hall and Charles Shaw are particularly interested. Some of them were quite enthusiastic over the pavement, which had been in use six years, and which showed the effects of little wear and tear." There is not such enthusiasm here on the subject.

### An Extraordinary Offering in Dry Goods

We will open every morning at 7½ o'clock, a large lot of real Merrimac Calicos, in good fast colors, which will be offered at the unprecedented low price of 6¼ cents a yard. Owing to the large number of customers who visit our establishment during the middle of the day and afternoons, we would respectfully suggest to those who desire to secure the above most remarkable Merrimac Calicos at 6¼ cents to call as early in the mornings as possible. We have just opened an immense stock of new and desirable Fall Dress Goods in all departments of the House, at the lowest prices ever known in the country. The assortment will be kept full and complete during the season.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
Allegheny.

## SERIOUS RUNAWAY.

### A Bank Cashier Severely Injured.

Yesterday afternoon a horse attached to a barouche, in which were seated Mr. James Donnell, cashier in the banking house of N. Holmes & Son, and Rev. C. A. Dickey, of St. Louis, ran off on Western avenue, Allegheny. Rev. Mr. Dickey leaped from the carriage, and the horse, but failed, and when the horse reached Irwin avenue it broke loose from the barouche, which was upset and Mr. Donnell was thrown out upon its head. He was assisted to his house on Western avenue, and Dr. Rankin summoned, who found that he had sustained a concussion of the spine and was injured internally.

## THE LIQUOR LICENSE FUND.

### Demand Made by the State.

A demand has been made by the State on Allegheny county for the payment of the liquor license fund, which has accrued since April 12th, 1875, under the provisions of the repeal of the local option law. Formerly the State was entitled to one-fourth of the fund, but the Attorney General has decided that it is now entitled to all of it, and consequently this demand is made, which already amounts to the nice little sum of $60 00. According to the provisions of the old law, one fourth of the fund has already been paid over to the State, and yesterday the balance of the fund was placed to the credit of the commonwealth in the Allegheny National Bank.

## BELLIGERENT EDITORS.

### "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."

For some time past, says the Oil City *Derrick*, a desperate war of words has been going on between the editors of the two papers published in Parker. Judging from appearances it would appear the Daily man had managed to say the meanest things, for last Saturday Wilson of the *Journal*, called at the Daily office to interview Needle, in consequence of which the Daily had a column article headed "A Drunken Maniac." It appears they parleyed a short time, when Wilson having the advantage in strength, size and stimulant, did wilfully and cruelly choke Needle, who is a man of diminutive size. Needle says "It was pity rather than revenge that filled his bosom, and kept him from returning violence for violence." That's too thin, George; if you had been as heavy as your antagonist you would not have pitied him, but probably there would have been cause for some one to pity you both.

## MORTUARY RECORD.

### The Death Rate in the City Last Week.

Dr. W. S. Snively, Physician to the Board of Health, reports 79 deaths in this city for the week ending Saturday last, as follows:

Abscess, lumbar, 1; accident, drowning, 2; burn, 3; fall, 1; railroad, 1; cancer, 1; calculus, biliary, 1; cholera, infantum, 13; cholera morbus, 3; consumption, 4; convulsions, 5; croup, 2; diphtheritis, 2; debility, 1; dentition, 11; diarrhea, 3; enteritis, acute, 2; fever, typhoid, 2; scarlet, 4; remittent, 2; heart, valvular disease, 2; inanition, 1; pneumonitis, 1; lungs, congestion of, 1; larynx, acute, 1; malformation, 1; meningitis, 2; old age, 1; paralysis, general, 1; premature birth, 1; scrofula, 1; suicide, 1; unknown, 3; whooping cough, 1; total, 79. White 76, colored 3. Males 38, females 41. Married 19, single 58, widows 1. Under 1 year, 30; from 1 to 2 years, 13; from 2 to 5 years, 4; from 5 to 10 years, 5; from 15 to 20 years, 5; from 20 to 30 years, 9; from 30 to 40 years, 3; from 40 to 50 years, 3; from 50 to 60 years, 2; from 60 to 70 years, 2; from 70 to 80 years, 3; from 80 to 99 years, 1; total, 79.

## CAPTURED.

### William Green the Murderer of Marshall at Last Near Freedom—He is Lodged in Jail.

The murder of Samuel Marshall at Mansfield last week by his step-brother William Green is still fresh in the minds of our readers. It will be remembered that as soon as the crime was committed, Green left for parts unknown, and up to yesterday all attempts to effect his arrest proved futile. It appears that last Friday he engaged to work on a farm for Mr W. M. Stewart near Freedom, Beaver county, where he has since remained. Yesterday he was identified by two men from Mansfield, who were on his track to effect his arrest, and as soon as he saw them he tried to escape. He was pursued about a mile, when Sheriff Wilson succeeded in capturing him. C. Davis, a farmer, who was threshing on Mr Stewart's farm, and who had joined in the pursuit, Green had a large butcher knife in his possession when captured, but offered no resistance. He was then taken to Freedom and placed on board a train, and brought to this city, where he arrived about the o'clock p. m. after which he was safely lodged in jail.

## THE COUNTY COMMITTEE.

### Meeting in Allegheny Yesterday—The Campaign to Open Soon—Speeches to be Made by Morton and Oglesby

The Republican County Executive Committee met yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the Young Men's Republican Club, on Federal street, Allegheny. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, after which a number of subcommittees reported. Mr. Fox stated that the Naturalization Committee was at work and having men naturalized every Saturday, and Mr. Braun, from the Music Committee, reported that the band was ready to play.

Mr Errett said he had received a communication from the chairman of the State Committee informing him that Hon. O. P. Morton, of Indiana, and Senator Oglesby, of Illinois, would be in the city on the 23d inst., to open the campaign. On motion of Mr. Fulton the letter was referred to the Committee on Meetings and Speakers. Mr. Errett suggested that it would probably be better to hold the meeting at which these gentlemen are to speak on the evening of the 21st or 23d, and as it will be an important one he urged that Allegheny Republicans join hands with Pittsburgh and make the demonstration a big one.

Mr. Fulpress reported that active measures are now being taken preparatory to the holding of a grand mass meeting of the colored voters of the North Side, at Davis Hall, on Park Way, on Friday evening, Sept. 10th. Prof. Wm. Howard Day, of Harrisburg, and other well known speakers are expected to be present and deliver addresses. From this meeting will be formed a number of emergency clubs, which will commence preparations for a grand parade and open air meeting in about three weeks. The report was received and filed, and Mr. Fulpress was directed, if he needed printing or music, to apply to the proper committees.

After transacting a lot of routine business the meeting adjourned.

### The New York Water Crackers

Are the best water crackers in the market Ask your grocer for them.

## ALLEGHENY FINANCES.

### The City Officers' Accounts—The Balances in Each Department—General Items of Interest.

A regular monthly meeting of the Finance Committee of Allegheny Councils was held last evening, Mr. N. H. Voegtly presiding, and Controller Brown, Secretary.

Controller Brown submitted the following statement of the condition of the accounts of each of the city officers and collectors of delinquent taxes on September 1st:

MAYOR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total amount of returns | $ 3,198 70 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | $ 3,198 70 |

CITY ENGINEER.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 421 00 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | $34 00 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 00 |

SUPERINTENDENT OF WATER WORKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 1,043 00 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | $ 1,043 00 |

CLERK OF MARKETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $13,609 36 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 13,480 70 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 218 61 |

STREET COMMISSIONER, WEST DISTRICT.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 535 00 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | $ 535 00 |

STREET COMMISSIONER—EASTERN DISTRICT.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 469 48 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 415 00 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 54 48 |

WEIGHMASTER—DIAMOND SCALES.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 1,409 48 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 1,409 48 |

WEIGHMASTER—SECOND WARD SALES.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 2,361 26 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 1,983 72 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 377 74 |

WEIGHMASTER—FOURTH WARD SCALES.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 103 66 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 103 66 |

HEALTH OFFICER.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 239 00 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 136 00 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 103 00 |

BARK MEASURER.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 1,066 64 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 881 71 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 184 93 |

WHARFMASTER—FIRST DISTRICT.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 665 07 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 600 32 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 64 75 |

WHARFMASTER—EASTERN DISTRICT.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of returns | $ 659 90 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 530 95 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 128 95 |

SECOND ASSESSMENT WATER RENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $ 2,609 67 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 1,655 00 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 954 67 |

DELINQUENT TAXES.

*First Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $11,753 78 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 8,100 00 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 3,653 78 |

*Second Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount of duplicate | $20,615 00 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 13,500 00 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 7,115 00 |

*Third Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $24,540 43 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 17,000 00 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 7,540 43 |

*Fourth Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $16,851 35 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 13,238 50 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 3,582 85 |

*Fifth Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $14,928 87 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 2,510 86 |
| Balance uncollected | $12,418 01 |

*Sixth Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $16,532 02 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 5,500 00 |
| Balance uncollected | $11,032 02 |

*Seventh Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $10,975 93 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 5,811 00 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 5,164 93 |

*Eighth Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $ 5,532 83 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 4,887 22 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 645 61 |

*Ninth Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $ 8,290 99 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 2,629 00 |
| Balance unpaid | $ 1,968 66 |

*Tenth Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $ 3,039 30 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 2,628 00 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 410 30 |

*Eleventh Ward.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To amount of duplicate | $ 3,340 49 |
| Cash paid Treasurer | 2,907 00 |
| Balance uncollected | $ 333 49 |

RECAPITULATION OF BALANCES DUE.

| | |
|---|---|
| From City Officers | $ 1,222 46 |
| " Collectors of delinquent taxes | 54,919 75 |
| Total | $ 56,042 21 |
| Received | |

As Health Officer Hoeh had a large balance on hand which he had not paid into the City Treasury, Mr. Price moved that the Controller be directed to withhold his salary until the amount due the city has been made up. Adopted.

The Treasurer's pay roll for clerk hire during the month of August, amounting to $200 was approved.

The resolution providing that the city pay for the stone wall erected on Church avenue, was taken up, and it was agreed to report adverse to the adoption of the resolution.

The bill of John A. Verner for re-grading and re-paving of Jackson street, amounting to $3,855, was approved and ordered to be paid without interest.

The Controller was authorized to refund $109.50 to the Allegheny and Manchester Railway Company on account of overpaid taxes.

A communication was received from Mayor Phillips requesting permission to set apart the eighty-five cents costs collected by him on cases before him, which have been collected as the officer's costs and paid into the City Treasury, and allow him to use that money for the payment of the incidental expenses of the Mayor's office and allow him then to report the balance and the bills paid each month. The matter was considered at some length, when it was found that he could not legally use this money in this manner, as the costs amount must be paid out of the City Treasury, and no bill can be paid without a warrant. No action was then taken in regard to the matter.

The bill ordered to refund $3.90 to John Bernhard, overpaid taxes.

Adjourned.

## THE BOAT RACE.

### A Visit to the Oarsmen in Their Quarters—How They Look and What They Say.

As the day approaches on which the race between Henry Coulter and Eph. Morris takes place for the title of champion oarsman of the United States, the interest in the oarsmen increases, and they are vis ited by large numbers daily by their friends. Yesterday afternoon one of our reporters visited the scullers at their quarters in company with Mr. Joseph Gaches, the courteous dispatcher of the West Penn Railroad. Henry Coulter was first visited at his quarters, in the grove in the rear of Jacob Hart's Riverside Hotel, a short distance above Montrose, a little more than nine miles from the city, and almost at the lower end of the course over which he is to row on Saturday. He is in charge of his trainer, George Speer, and is now in first class condition. At the commencement of the training he weighed two hundred and twelve pounds, but has worked himself down to one hundred and sixty-six pounds. He exercises every morning at about six o'clock, and is then well rubbed down; at seven o'clock he breakfasts, and then takes a three mile row and back again, and after that walks several miles. After dinner he again takes a five or six mile walk, and then rests until after supper, when he rows over the course again. This practice he pursues daily. Several days ago he received his new boat from the makers. It is a beautiful shell, made according to the measurements given by Coulter himself, and only weighs twenty-eight pounds. On the day of the race he will wear only blue trunks.

Morris was next visited at his quarters in a boat house moored in the river opposite Harmarsville, two miles and a half above Montrose, just at the upper end of the course. He is in charge of Joseph Kaye and Wm. Coates, who have gotten him in splendid condition. His course of training is about the same as that pursued by Coulter. The boat in which he will row the race was made by the same parties, and is just about as heavy as Coulter's.

Both the men are a little modest in talking about themselves, but of course both are confident of success. The probabilities are that the race will be a very close one. The course to be rowed over extends from the lower part of Harmarsville down the river two and a half miles and return. The greater portion of it is in a straight line. A great many visitors are expected, and to accommodate them, a train of twenty cars will leave Federal street, Allegheny, on Saturday afternoon at half past two o'clock, and will go direct to Harmarsville. The regular afternoon trains will also be very large. The twenty car train will leave Harmarsville for the city as soon as the race is over. Two extra trains will also be run on the A. V. R. R.

### Hats, Hats, Hats, Hats.

Messrs. Fleming & Oglevee, of 139 Wood street, embrace this opportunity of informing the public that they are in daily receipt of all the new styles of gents fine dress silk and felt hats; also boys' and childrens' staple and fancy hats and caps.

The system adhered to by this house of selling nothing but first class goods has given to this old and reliable establishment a reputation second to no house in the country.

Those who make their purchases of this firm need not be assured by us that all goods are marked down to the lowest prices and that we make no misrepresentations as to style or quality; all goods are truly represented and guaranteed as represented.

This firm are the exclusive agents in this city for Dunlap & Co.'s celebrated Fifth Avenue Silk Hats and other specialties. Please call and examine their goods. No trouble to show goods.

## THE SCHOOLS OF ALLEGHENY.

### Report of the Inspection Committee—Interesting Result of the Examinations in June Last—The Highest Individual and General Average Per Cent in Each Ward.

Rev. Joseph King, Chairman of the Committee on School Inspection of the Allegheny Board of Controllers, has prepared their report of the examination in June last of the various ward High Schools. He had it ready for presentation last night to the Board of Control, but a quorum not being obtained no meeting was held. We take from the report, which is full, comprehensive and satisfactory, all its salient and most interesting points. It states that in the Seventh, Eighth and Tenth wards the examinations amounted to but little, owing to the fact that the pupils had not reached the grade of the High School department, and therefore no results from them are presented. In the other wards the average per centage was not so high as it would otherwise have been, for two reasons: First, because the questions in geography and grammar were too difficult, and, second, because promotions had taken place but a short time before the inspection was held. The committee recommend, as a remedy for the latter, and in order that more definite results may be obtained, that hereafter the examinations be held in March, just prior to the spring vacation.

The pupils were examined in reading, arithmetic, penmanship, geography, grammar, and spelling, and following is the name of the scholar in each ward making the highest average per cent.: First ward, Ella Thompson 74 per cent. Second ward, North avenue building, F. M. Martin, 87 per cent.; Irwin avenue building, Ada McKnight, 71 per cent. Third ward, first class, Mithie Hemphill, 78 per cent.; second class, Jas. Straus, 69 per cent. Fourth ward, building No. 1, Alex. Johnston, 95 per cent.; building No. 2, Minnie Lang, 77 per cent. Fifth ward, Sadie Mathews, 84 per cent. Sixth ward, Nettie Wilson, 81 per cent.; second class, Ida Robinson, 74 per cent. Seventh ward, Henry Vogel, 58 per cent. Ninth ward, Ella Hughes, 80¼ per cent.; grammar school, Eliza Davis, 58 per cent. Eleventh ward, grammar school, new building, Maggie Moore, 72 per cent.; old building, grammar school, Tillie Seiling, 73 per cent. It will be observed that in most of the wards only the highest and lowest classes are mentioned, and that in others the second classes and grammar schools were also examined.

The average per centage made by the entire school in each ward is as follows: First ward, 60 per cent. Second ward, North avenue building, 66 per cent; Irwin avenue building, 51 per cent. Third ward, James street building, first class, 69 per cent; second class, 48 per cent; Chestnut street building, first class, 48 per cent; second class, 32 per cent. Fourth ward, building No. 1, 77 per cent; building No. 2, 58 per cent. Fifth ward, 55 per cent. Sixth ward, 62 per cent. Eighth ward, 52 per cent. Ninth ward, High School, 71 per cent; grammar school, 49 per cent. Eleventh ward, grammar school, new building, 61 per cent; grammar school, old building, 44 per cent. In the Eighth ward only six scholars were examined.

"It will be seen from the above statement," says the report, "that the highest general average for the entire school was made in House No. 1, Fourth ward, which average was 77 per cent., and the highest individual average, 95 per cent., was made by Alex. Johnston, of the same building, who, with Willie Bole, of the same school, were the two successful applicants for admission to the U. S. Military and Naval Academies."

The Committee further state that three new buildings were erected last year, in the First, Second and Eleventh wards. All the other wards are fully supplied with buildings except the Seventh and Eighth, which are yet without such structures as they should have. In the Spring Garden district of the Seventh ward, however, a new lot has been purchased, and the committee recommends, in case a new house is not commenced at once, that the local board put new furniture in the first and second primary rooms, where some of the pupils were last year obliged to sit on old benches without backs. "In the Fourth ward, House No. 1, the entire building presents a neat appearance, and gives full evidence of being well taken care of. Not saying a word in disparagement of other schools, your committee regard this as one of the best schools in our city, and that Prof. Morrow is deserving great praise for his industry and zeal in building up a school which, in many respects, is a model one."

The total enrollment of scholars for 1874-5 was 11,980, against 10,844 two years ago. The average monthly enrollment was 8,810, against 7,564 two years ago. The average daily attendance was 7,460, against 6,420 in 1873. The whole number of teachers was 187. The committee close with a word in some of the wards they find a lack of efficiency and enthusiasm in their work among the High School teachers, who fail to manifest that degree of interest which is necessary to insure success. The local boards are requested to see to this. In conclusion, the committee recommend more attention to drawing, the importance and utility of which, to this country, is beginning to be felt and understood as never before; also that a committee of five be appointed to report a practicable method for the establishment of a training school for young and inexperienced teachers.

This report will be submitted at the next meeting of the Board of Control.

## THE COURT RECORD.

### A Complete Report of the Proceedings in the Courts Yesterday.

#### United States District Court.

*(Before Judge McCandless.)*

James A. Stewart et al. vs. steamer Charley McDonald. Argument on libel, answer and depositions filed, and further argument continued to the 14th inst.

John G. Ogden and Charles O. Smith, partners as Ogden & Smith, of Oil City, filed a petition for the adjudication in bankruptcy of themselves. Referred to Register Rees.

Geo. W. Morris, bankrupt, Pittsburgh. Petition of Samuel M. Fulton, guardian, etc., for payment of certain rent due, presented and rule granted on the assignee to show cause why the prayer thereof should not be granted, returnable on the 11th inst.

Cyrus E. Anderson, bankrupt, Beaver. Petition presented and order issued for the sale of certain uncollected accounts.

H. W. C. Tweedle vs. the Eclipse Lubricating Oil Company, Venango. Petition of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh, ascertain the value of certain securities, presented and an order was made referring the same to Register Rogers for examination and report.

Arthur, Dillinger & Co. vs. N. W. Stecker, Columbia. The debtor filed his answer and denial that sufficient in number and value of the creditors had joined in the proceedings, and an order was made directing that the petitioning creditors should procure requisite number and amount, or show cause why the proceedings should not be dismissed, returnable on the 21st inst.

#### Grand Jury Out.

*(Before Judge White.)*

On motion of the Assistant District Attorney, the charge of false pretense returned by Alderman Larkin vs. Fred Ventor was quashed, as it did not allege an indictable offense.

A similar disposition was made of a like charge vs. Miss F. Walker and K. Dame, also of a charge of malicious mischief vs. W. J. Dorsey.

*A nolle pros* was allowed in the case of Ellen Sloan *alias* Ellen McKinley *et al.* indicted for obstructing an officer and assault and battery on oath of James McFeteridge, on payment of the costs by the defendant.

Commonwealth vs. James McFeteridge, indicted for assault and battery *Nolle pros* allowed on paymant of the costs by the defendant.

John Garber and M. Garber were acquitted of a charge of assault and battery. The prosecutor was John Scharf.

*A nolle pros.* was allowed in the case of Louis Levy, charged with desertion on oath of Rachel Levy. The prosecutor was directed to pay the costs.

The charge of larceny against John Bush and Thomas Scott was quashed on motion of Morton Hunter, Esq., on account of the want of jurisdiction of the committing magistrate. Charles V. King was the prosecutor.

*A nolle pros.* was allowed in the case of Calvin Mitchell, charged with desertion on oath of Mary E. Mitchell. The defendant was ordered to pay the costs.

On payment of the costs by the defendant, a *nolle pros.* was allowed in the case of William Phillips, indicted for larceny by bailee, on oath of Robert Gamble.

James R. Fletcher and Jackson McWilliams were acquitted of a charge of forcible entry and detainer on oath of J. P. Fleming, but they were directed to pay the costs. The action grew out of the agents of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad taking charge of certain buildings at Emsworth station, which the prosecutor, James Fleming Esq., claimed belonged to him. The defense claimed that the railroad company's right of way included the ground or a portion of it on which the buildings were erected by the company, and that they acted for the company in taking charge of them.

The jury is out in the case of Joseph Detzel, indicted for aggravated assault and battery on oath of Matthias Bremier.

*Trial List for To-day.*

Commonwealth vs.
Charles Stewart,
Eliza Schmidt,
James Lester,
Wm. F. Young,
Calvin Mitchell, (3)
John Green, (2)
Thos. W. Clevenger,
John Patton,
David Hanna,
James Readman,
Edward Reese,
John Reilly, et al.,
John Doyle,
Andrew Low,
Agnes Barron, et al.,
F. Hinerman, Sr.,
Annie Joyce,
Andrew McGregor,
John Neabel,
Lenhart Altenbaugh.

COURT BREVITIES.

United States Commissioner McCandless committed Patrick Gilbert yesterday, to await trial on a charge of retailing liquor without paying the special tax.

James Sweeney, indicted at the March term of the United States District Court for alleged violation of the Revenue laws, was arrested Monday, and brought to this city yesterday. The defendant is from Shamburg, Venango county.

### Special Notice to Dealers in Books and Stationery.

We guarantee the largest and most complete line of Books and Stationery west of the mountains.

Eastern bills duplicated, and orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

J. R. WELDIN & Co.,
Wholesale Booksellers and Stationers.
101 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

## POLITICAL.

### The Convention Yesterday—A Candidate for Treasurer Nominated—A Harmonious Gathering—A Choice Made on the First Ballot—Resolution Adopted.

Yesterday morning, pursuant to call, a Republican County Convention was held at the Court House to nominate a candidate for County Treasurer. The delegates assembled in Common Pleas Court room No. 1, and at eleven o'clock the Convention was called to order by Russell Errett, Esq. Messrs. W. W. Barker, B. C. Christy, James Larimer, R. S. P. McCall were chosen Secretaries, after which the Secretaries called the roll, nearly all the districts in the county being represented. A delegate suggested that as all the elected delegated had been admitted, no more credentials be received, inasmuch as it encouraged the manufacturing business. The motion was carried.

#### ORGANIZING FOR WORK.

The Convention then proceeded to elect a Permanent President. Messrs. Arthur Hobson and Wm. B. Negley were placed in nomination, and a ballot was had, with the following result:

| | |
|---|---|
| Negley (Murray) | 107 |
| Hobson (Parke) | 77 |

While the balloting was in progress a slight "bolt" was created by several contesting delegates desiring to vote in the permanent organization. The Chair declared that in case of a contest neither of the contestants should be allowed to vote.

Mr. Negley was escorted to the chair by his defeated opponent—the latter expressing himself as thoroughly satisfied with the result.

The President elect, proceeded with business without indulging in a speech.

The temporary Secretaries were made permanent with the addition of Messrs. D. L. Smith and J. S. Haymaker.

Committees on Resolutions and Contested Seats were appointed by the Chairman as follows: Resolutions—T. C. Negley, John Gilfillan, Arthur Hobson, Jacob Covode and W. W. Thompson. Contested Seats—H. S. Baum, Dr. Donaldson, James S. Woodwell, W. W. McNeil, John Paul.

The Chair announced that the Convention was now open for nominations for County Treasurer, and the following gentlemen were nominated: James G. Murray, Upper St. Clair township; John E. Parke, Fifth ward Allegheny; J. B. Copeland, Elizabeth.

After several classes of nominations and counter motions, it was decided to vote *viva voce*, and to commence with the First ward, Pittsburgh.

#### CONTESTED SEATS.

The Committee on Contested Seats reported in favor of the following:

Wm. Peters, Tenth ward, Allegheny, whose seat was contested by Fietch. Grubbs. In the Second precinct, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, neither delegate was admitted. In the First ward, McKeesport, and Jefferson township, both sets of delegates were excluded, because they did not appear before the Committee.

The report was approved.

After approving the report of the Committee the approval was partially rescinded, so as to allow McKeesport and Jefferson each to cast one vote.

#### RESOLUTIONS.

While the roll was being counted by the Secretaries, the Committee on Resolutions, through Chairman F. C. Negley, reported as follows, which were adopted:

*Resolved*, That this Convention request the Republican County Committee that in all calls hereafter for the annual County Conventions, they instruct the Republicans of each election district or precinct to elect one of their number as a member of the County Committee for the ensuing year, and where any district is entitled to more than one delegate to a convention, to elect the same number of members to the County Committee; and that the persons so elected shall constitute the County Committe for the ensuing year, without power to add thereto, except in the case of their Chairman and the Finance Committee, and these the Committee may choose either from their own number or other Republican citizens of the county.

*Resolved*, That we endorse the declaration of our State platform in favor of a national currency adjusted to the growing wants of the business interests of the country, and that we protest against all efforts at contraction, or attempts to force resumption at an arbitrary date as hindrances to that growth of confidence which must precede a return to national prosperity. We, therefore, urge upon the next Congress the duty of repealing that section of the act of last Congress which fixed a date for resumption, leaving to the unimpeded energies of the country the work of working out its deliverance from the present depression.

#### THE NOMINATION.

The Chair then announced the result of the first ballot as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Murray | 109 |
| Parke | 43 |
| Copeland | 40 |

The Chair announced that Mr. Murray having received the majority of votes cast, was the regular nominee of the Convention. The result was received with the wildest demonstrations of applause.

Mr. H. Baum moved that Mr. Murray's nomination be made unanimous, which was carried. Mr. Murray was called for and appeared, thanking the Convention and inviting the delegates to dinner.

The Convention then adjourned.

## DARKNESS IN CITY HALL.

### Gloom in the Passage Ways, Corners, Crevices, Nooks and Crannies of the Municipal Building—A Big Gas Bill the Cause.

"Hello, Doc, what makes it so dark in here?"

Doc. Montgomery is the faithful night watchman at the Mayor's office, and when our reporter sailed into the judicial sanctum about half-past two o'clock yesterday morning he was found seated in an arm chair calmly and serenely fighting mosquitos by the light of a solitary gas jet. Doc. lost a leg in the defense of his country and may therefore be considered justly entitled to the claim of being a good fighter. The quiet, enduring patience and obstinate perseverance with which he battles with the hordes of mosquitos that love to throng the tiled halls of the Municipal building, and wing their musical way up the long reaches of stairways, is simply wonderful. His execution is effective, too. He waits until the melodious voice of the insect greets his auricular organ, and then with the keen sense of hearing alone he locates it and goes for it. Every time he does so he receives a response in the death note of the expiring mosquito, which must be a great source of inexpressible satisfaction to his heart. Doc. says he will hardly know what to do when the frost has wiped out the pestiferous insect race. He has to stay awake anyhow, and would just as soon do it while away the long hours slaughtering mosquitos as doing anything else. It is only fun for him, but it is death to them. The other night Coroner Clawson, who is stationed in another part of the building, and Doc. laid a wager of four glasses of buttermilk that each could sleep until the other's nose quits inside of an hour. They went to work and when the time was up Montgomery had demolished 344 and the Coroner had annihilated 350. The former acknowledged himself fairly beaten, but claimed that the bet was not altogether even, as he had forgotten to take into consideration the previous experience of the Coroner in the mortuary business. They are to try it over again soon. But the writer has wandered far away from the topic upon which he made a start. However, his excuse is that the mosquito question is one of absorbing interest, as those who sit up half the night trying to solve it, with the assistance of a liberal use of profanity, will doubtless willingly testify to.

"Well, it is pretty dark in here," said Doc., in response to the opening interrogatory of the reporter. The latter peered out into the rotunda, up to the skylight, into the city officers and found almost inky darkness everywhere.

"What does it all mean? Why this sudden, to me inexplicable and doubtless spasmodic attack of economy?" again queried the wielder of the Faber and the willow. (base ball.)

"I don't know, but I guess the gas bill last quarter was pretty heavy, and the City Property Committee wants to retrench a little in that regard."

"Oh, yes! I remember. The City Prop's are in the economical way now. Authow much did the bas bill amount to in the past three months?"

"One thousand dollars, I believe."

"One thousand dollars. Whew! Is that so? Four thousand dollars a year! By Jove, that is big. But what's the odds. If it was twice as large it would have to be paid anyhow. Long personal experience has demonstrated the vexatious uselessness of fighting a gas meter. It either lies or tells the truth, and no 'meter' which it always gets the upper hand in the end."

In the afternoon the writer hunted up the Coroner, (familiarly called such because of his former avocation, but he has long since repented, deserted a dead, inert business and engaged in a live, active calling,) and asked him how it came that the gas bill for City Hall for one quarter was of such magnificent proportions. The Coroner at once took a seat and his luxuriant mutton chop whiskers bobbed up and down as he explained, and very satisfactorily too, how it all came about. He said that during the time devoted to the reception of taxes thirty-four burners in the City Treasurer's office were kept aglow all night long nearly, a large number were burned in the Mayor's office until nine o'clock at night, and these, together with the gas consumed all day and night in the subterranean apartments of the building, in two large lamps on the pavement in front of the Hall, and at the meetings of committees and regimental associations, aggregated a number of cubic feet which were not to be sneezed at, and to which a candle could not with safety be held. The Coroner conducted our reporter all over the building, up stairs and down, and showed what an enormous capacity for gas it had. There is no doubt but that it has a very large number of mouths, but then it has a very healthy appetite too.

### The Boston Clothing House

Has just received a new stock of boys' school suits in the latest style and at prices lower then ever. Odd suits will be closed at one-half the cost to manufacture. 95 Smithfield street.

### G. W. Spencer, Dentist, 254 Penn Avenue.

The preservation of the natural teeth a specialty. Artificial human eyes inserted.

### School Book Headquarters.

Opening of the Schools.

The largest and most complete stock in the city, at J. R. WELDIN & Co.'s.

## Advertised Letters---Official List.

### List of Letters Remaining in the Post-office, at Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., on Wednesday, September 8, 1875.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for advertised letters, giving the date of the list.

If not called for within four weeks they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of Letters by CARRIERS, at the residences of the owner, may be secured by observing the following rules:

1.—Direct Letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the Postoffice and State.

2.—Head Letters with the writer's POSTOFFICE and STATE, STREET and NUMBER, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

A request for the return of a Letter to the writer, if unclaimed within thirty days or less, written or printed with the writer's NAME, POSTOFFICE and STATE, across the left hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with. Letters bearing such indorsement will be returned to the writers thereof without additional charge.—See Sec. 8, Law of 1868.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, Wednesday, September 8, 1875.

### LADIES' LIST.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Andrews E J | Hale Tillie | O'Donnell B for |
| Armon Miss B | Hayworth Eva | Perchment E |
| Benreeker W B | Haich Margaret | Potts Mary A |
| Black Tilla A | Haslett Nancy | Raymond A |
| Bogart Miss M | Hoobs Mrs E | Rahlman L 2 |
| Blackburn S 2 | Howell Mary | Riebel Kathrine |
| Boyce Mary | Hutchins A C | Riley Jennie |
| Bohm Mrs | Ingram Sadie | Richmond Josie |
| Bradley L | Ingram W W | Russell E |
| Bradley Alice | Jordon Mrs P | Sellers Maggie |
| Burr Clara | Kain Mrs T | Sanders Mina |
| Banks Mrs T | Kurtz Mary | Sadler C A |
| Buechhlne Eliza | Kidd Mrs | Sewell Mary |
| Butterfield M A | Knabe Miss S | Skoines Mary A |
| Chanon Mary | Lee Miss Anna | Smith Jennie |
| Clifford Mrs | Leyburn Mrs G | Spires Maggie E |
| Chace Phebe | Little Mrs L | Smith Sally J |
| Chambers E J | Logan Mrs Ella | Stanford Mary |
| Cohner Cassie | Lord Mrs Kate | Storey Maggie |
| Coulter Ellie | Maxine M | Stanton Maggie |
| Crooks Mrs M | Millard M J | Stewart Mary |
| Crenian Mrs | Magee Mattie | Stevenson Dellie |
| Curry Mary Ann | Moore Mollie | Sulzner Miss J |
| Dever Mrs M | Moore Gussie | Summers Mrs E |
| Dufill Annie | Moore Mary | Terry Henrietta |
| Elder Mollie | Murphy Ellen | Toole Caroline |
| Foust Fannie | Murray Mary | Thomas M V |
| Freeman Eliza | McCue Mary | Watson Maggie |
| Gallagher Mrs M | McCabe Bella | Walt Annie C |
| Glover Mrs M | McKane Kittie | Wallace Minnie |
| Graham Mrs C | McFadden C | Wilson Matilda |
| Gryffiner Mary | McFarland Mrs | Wisner Julia |
| Guthrie Clara | McQuiston S | Wright Mrs L |
| Gray Helena 2 | Owens M (for) | Yager M A |
| Harris Kate